HENNESSY'S
THREE STAR
BRANDY.
Insist upon having it.

# The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,352—New Series. BOMBAY :—TUESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1904. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
The Best and Most Complete Guide in India.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

| Date of Sailing, 1904 Saturday, 3 P.M. | Steamer. | Tons. | Connecting at Aden with. | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10th Dec | MARMORA | 10509 | ..... | ..... |
| 17th ,, | ARCADIA | 6903 | CHINA | 7912 |
| 24th ,, | PERSIA | 7951 | ..... | ..... |
| 31st ,, | CALEDONIA | 7558 | MOLDAVIA | 9600 |
| 1905. | | | | |
| 7th Jan. | ARABIA | 7903 | ..... | ..... |
| 14th ,, | ARCADIA | 6603 | VICTORIA | 6522 |
| 21st ,, | ORIENTAL | 6294 | ..... | ..... |
| 28th ,, | CALEDONIA | 7558 | HIMALAYA | 6985 |
| 4th Feb. | EGYPT | 7912 | ..... | ..... |
| 11th ,, | ARCADIA | 6603 | INDIA | 7911 |
| 18th ,, | CALEDONIA | 7558 | ..... | ..... |
| 25th ,, | PERSIA | 7951 | BRITANNIA | 6335 |
| 4th Mar. | MACEDONIA | 10512 | ..... | ..... |
| 11th ,, | ARCADIA | 6603 | MONGOLIA | 9565 |
| 18th ,, | ARABIA | 7903 | ..... | ..... |
| 25th ,, | PENINSULAR | 6294 | OCEANA | 6610 |
| 1st April | PERSIA | 7951 | ..... | ..... |
| 8th ,, | ARCADIA | 6603 | MARMORA | 10509 |
| 15th ,, | EGYPT | 7912 | ..... | ..... |
| 22nd ,, | PENINSULAR | 6294 | CHINA | 7912 |
| 29th ,, | CALEDONIA | 7558 | ..... | ..... |
| 6th May | ARCADIA | 6603 | MOLDAVIA | 9600 |
| 13th ,, | MACEDONIA | 10512 | ..... | ..... |

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals call at ports en route.

W. C. SYMES,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company,
Bombay, 18th October, 1904.

### HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms, Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To Sail on THURSDAY. |
|---|---|---|---|
| ARMAND BEHIC | 6,635 | Guionnet | 26th Jan. 1905. |
| VILLE de la CIOTAT | 6,630 | Fiaschi | 23rd Feb 1905. |

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

S. S. "VILLE de la CIOTAT," 6,630 tons, Captain Fiaschi, to sail on or about the 9th December, 1904.

For further Particulars apply to
J. ESTRANGIN, Acting Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

### THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO.

PASSAGES engaged by all Lines of Steamers.

INTERPRETERS at all Principal Ports.

HOTEL COUPONS available at 2,000 Hotels

CURRENT and DEPOSIT Accounts opened.

CIRCULAR NOTES and L/CREDIT issued and cashed.

PACKAGES Shipped to and from all parts.

INSURANCE, Fire, Life and Marine effected.

"COOK'S ORIENTAL GAZETTEE" containing Sailling Dates of all Steamers sent every other information for Travellers, and Post Free.

## SHIPPING.

### THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Limited.

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KARACHI DIRECT.

T. S. "LHASA," 2,171 tons, on FRIDAY, the 9th December, from the Victoria Dock, Wall No. 14 Shed, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR CUTCH MANDVIE AND KARACHI.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,700 tons, on MONDAY, 12th December, from the Victoria Dock, Wall No. 14 Shed, at 10 A.M.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST, AND KARACHI.

S. S. "VITA," 1,000 tons, on TUESDAY, the 6th December, at 10 a.m., from the Victoria Dock, Wall No 14 Shed, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Karachi.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "NERBUDDA," 3,000 tons, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th December, from the Victoria Dock, Wall No. 14 Shed, at 10 a. m., calling at Karachi, Pashni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR KARACHI, MUSCAT, BUSHIRE, AND BUSREH.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 8th December, from the Victoria Dock, Wall No. 14 Shed, at 8 a.m.

FOR MORMUGAO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "NOWSHERA," 2,300 tons, on or about 13th December.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA

S. S. "SCINDIA," 2,800 tons, on or about 9th December.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.
Bombay, 5th December, 1904.

### KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or MESSRS. KING, BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY to TRIESTE via ADEN, SUEZ, & PORT SAID.

DIRECT LINE.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| IMPERATRIX | G. Ghezzo | 4,194 | 1st Jan. 1905. |
| IMPERATOR | F. Mosca | 4,199 | 1st Feb. 1905. |
| IMPERATRIX | G. Ghezzo | 4,194 | 1st March 1905. |
| IMPERATOR | F. Mosca | 4,119 | 1st Apr. 1905. |

PASSAGE MONEY.

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | Deck. |
|---|---|---|---|
| TRIESTE OR VENICE | Rs. 600 | Rs. 325 | Rs. 150 |

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | To sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| † TRIESTE | D. Mistrorigo | 5,095 | 8th Dec. 1904 |
| *† MARIA VALERIE | P. Berberovich | 4,347 | 22nd Dec. 1904 |
| *† GISELLA | G. Daulanovich. | 4,260 | 27th Jan. 1905 |
| *† CHINA | S. Tomanovich | 6,090 | 23rd Feb. 1905 |

† Will call at Fiume. * Will call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

| | Saloon. | Deck. |
|---|---|---|
| TO TRIESTE OR VENICE | Rs. 400 | Rs. 150. |

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class, Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 600

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued Via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyds and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. at reduced fares.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | To sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| PERSIA | P. Craglietto | 5,986 | 27th Dec. 1904. |

For further particulars regarding Passages, Apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent-General,
Sassoon House, 54, Church Gate Street, Fort Bombay.

### ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea)... Rs. 550
Bombay to Marseilles... ,, 525

Passengers proceeding to London from Marseilles are charged £5 extra for Railway Tickets at current rate of exchange on the fare to Marseilles. To New York, Rs. 700; Suez, Rs. 350; Port Said, Rs. 380.

Return Ticket to Liverpool (all the way by sea) Rs. 850.

Return to London via Marseilles, and back from Liverpool, Rs. 980.

Return Tickets are available for two years.

Concessions on single ticket granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort. All Cabins are on the upper Deck.

The following sailings have been arranged :—

| Steamer | Captain | Tonnage. | Date. | Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| CIRCASSIA | Alex Haig | 6,710 | 19th Dec. | 1904. |
| OLYMPIA | C.F. Osborne R. N.R. | 5,124 | 4th Jan., | 1905. |
| ASIA | J W Shanklin | 3,641 | 19th ,, | ,, |
| SCINDIA | S. Abroy | 5,106 | 26th ,, | ,, |

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by a B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For rates for steamers not carrying Surgeon and Stewardess, or for any other information regarding Passage, &c., apply to the Undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay

THE ONE PLACE
TO SPEND
A PLEASANT EVENING.
A WELL-SERVED
AND
PREPARED DINNER
ON THE BALCONY
FACING THE HARBOUR
AT A REASONABLE PRICE
AND
A QUIET GAME OF BILLIARDS AFTER.
WHAT IS NICER?

W. B. GREEN & Co.,
APOLLO BUNDER,
BOMBAY.

SMOKE
BAHADUR
CIGARS

THEY HAVE
NO
EQUALS.

McDOWELL & CO. LD.

MADRAS.

TRY! TRY!! TRY!!!
DR. SPOONER HART'S

1. PREPARED MEAL No. 1 for DOGS. 2 PREPARED MEAL No. 2 for PUPPIES
3. BISCUITS for DOGS. 4 PREPARED FOOD for POULTRY.
5. "NUTRIENT" (a rich Fluid Food given with the ordinary Food for HORSE and CATTLE).

1. Every Dog owner should use Dr. Spooner Hart's Prepared Meal No. 1 for Dogs, a staple diet of great value and equally suitable for all classes.
Re. 1-0 per 10-lb bag.

2. PREPARED MEAL No. 2 for PUPPIES.—This will be found "par excellence" the Food for them. Being soft and nutritious, Puppies thrive and fatten upon it and there is no fear of worms developing in the bowels (which Puppies are so liable to when fed on other materials) whilst they are on this food
Re. 1-0 per 10-lb. bag.

3. BISCUITS for DOGS.—An appetising staple diet for Sporting and other Dogs, and of great value to Shikar Parties, being easy of transport.
Rs. 2-0 per 10-lb. bag.

4. PREPARED FOOD for POULTRY.—Will double the profit of laying Birds and quickly increase the weight of Birds for the table, and is protective against disease.
Re. 1-0 per 20-lb. bag.

5. "NUTRIENT."—A fattening, conditioning fodder adjunct of distinction and unequalled value for maintaining condition. Horses and Cattle will fatten on it in a few days.
Rs. 3-0 per tin, with full directions.

R. S. HART BROS.,
CALCUTTA.

"THE QUIET RUNNING AND CONSISTENCY OF SIX CYLINDERS IS A REVELATION."

"NAPIER"
THE MARVELLOUS HILL CLIMBING MOTOR CAR.

West Hampstead, August 5th, 1904.

Dear Mr. EDGE.—I have now had, as you are aware, delivery of my 6 CYLINDER CAR for the last 7 weeks, during which time I have run over 1,800 miles.

I consider it one of the finest Cars I have ever driven, the QUIET RUNNING and consistency of six cylinders is a revelation, it being seldom necessary to get off top speed although I am continually driving it about the West End.

Wishing you every success.—Yours faithfully,
ERNEST OWERS.

A MARVELLOUS WORK.

Mr. GLIDDEN'S "NAPIER" has just finished its
18,000TH MILE.

"We passed the 18,000th mile yesterday. Fearful, deep rathed, hard baked, clay roads, and plenty of 12 inch sand. The "NAPIER" is doing a MARVELLOUS WORK."

No other Car in either hemisphere holds such an enviable record.

FIRST CONSIGNMENT of "NAPIERS" will arrive on the 10th December.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" EXHIBITION COUPON.
FREE TICKET TO INDUSTRIAL 1904 EXHIBITION.
CUT THIS OUT.

NAME OF COUPON HOLDER.

Holders of thirty Coupons will receive a FREE ENTRANCE (one day) Ticket to Exhibition on application to
Box No. 1483N., "Bombay Gazette,"
where Coupons may be sent superscribed "Exhibition"
Names of those entitled to Tickets will be published every morning in the "Bombay Gazette."

Note Instructions carefully. Write your name legibly in

GOOD NILGIRI COFFEE.
DIRECT FROM THE CURING WORKS.

TRADE T. S. & CO. MARK

| | | | | | | | | Rs. | a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30 lbs. Small Coffee delivered free at any Railway Station between Coimbatore and Bombay | | | | | | | | 11 | 14 |
| 3 1-lb. tins Finest Ground Coffee, Red Ensign label, delivered free of all charges at any address in India—V. P. Post | | | | | | | | 3 | 0 |
| 6 1-lb. tins | do. | | do. | | do. | | do. | 5 | 10 |

FOR FULL PARTICULARS OF WHOLE and GROUND COFFEE and TEA,
APPLY TO T. STANES & CO.
COFFEE WORKS, COIMBATORE.

THE ITALIAN STORES.
C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.
STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY, AND THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE, RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE
MEN-O'-WAR.
105, MEDOW'S STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESE.
PURE and GENUINE, LUCCA OIL of the OLIVES for TABLE and CULINARY Purposes.
PURE ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR.
MILAN SAUSAGES in SKIN (Italian). ANCHOVIES SALTED (loose). BLACK and GREEN OLIVES (loose). All kinds of French, Italian and German Stores.
Largest Importers of MACARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES ASSORTED CONSIGNMENTS arriving here every Month. PRICES REDUCED for the Season only from the 15th October to 31st December, 1904, a Box of 10 lbs. at Rs. 2-8 and lose at 5 ans. per lb.
MASTICA DE CHIO, VERMOUTH (French and Italian), CHIANTI, BARBERA, CAPRI LACRIMA CHRISTI, MARSALA, CHERRY and BLACKBERRY BRANDY, BENEDICTINE and CHARTREUSE. WALNUTS, ALMONDS and HAZELNUTS, NAPLES FIGS and MUSCATEL RAISINS.
Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET as a Speciality and a thoroughly Genuine article.—Only Rs. 10 per Doz. Bottles.

NOTICE.

TO PRINTERS, NEWSPAPER PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS:

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS in BOMBAY for Messrs. V. & J. FIGGINS, Type Founders, London, and respectfully beg to call the attention of Printers, Newspaper Proprietors and others to their SPECIMENS of TYPES which comprise the most useful assortment of BOOK, NEWSPAPER, JOBBING and ORNAMENTAL TYPES in the Trade.

LARGE STOCK READY FOR DELIVERY.

H. J. RUSTOMJEE & Co

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

# CHATRE'S INDIAN CIRCUS.

Revisits Bombay after 3 years.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT.

WEDNESDAY, 7TH DECEMBER.

LOCATION, OPPOSITE ELPHINSTONE HIGH SCHOOL, DHOBI TALAO.

Full of Novelties from China, Japan, and America.

A GREAT AGGREGATION OF ARENIC MARVELS

The Quintessence of Animal Subjugation.

TRAINED LIONS, TIGERS, ELEPHANTS, DOGS, MONKEYS, &c

Skilful and Daring NATIVE and FOREIGN ACROBATS.

BOX PLAN at Messrs. SEYMOUR DOVE & CO., Fort, where seats can be booked till 5 p.m. All other seats at the Circus Camp.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Reserved Family Box | Rs. | 15 |
| Do. Box, Single Seat | ,, | 4 |
| Dress Circle, Chairs | ,, | 3 |
| Back Line, Chairs | ,, | 2 |
| Gallery | Re, | 1 |
| Gallery for Natives only | Ans. | 8 |

### NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Italian Steamer "ISCHIA," from HONGKONG and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of her arrival on the 4th instant, and are requested to take immediate delivery of their CARGO landed at Victoria Dock No. 4 Shed.

All claims for Damages, &c., to be adjusted and presented before the departure of the steamer on the 17th instant, otherwise they will not be entertained under any circumstances.

F. CROCCO,
Agent,
Rubattino S. N. Coy.

No. 23, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY,
INCLUDING
R.-M. RAILWAY.

### NOTICE.

OPENING OF THE FIRST SECTION OF THE REWARI-PHULERA CHORD RAILWAY.

SUBJECT to Government Sanction, the first Section of the Rewari-Phulera Chord Railway will be OPENED for LOCAL as well as through Booking of goods and Coaching Traffic of all descriptions and Public telegraph Messages, on and from the 19th December, 1904.

2. The stations are as below :—

STATIONS.

KHORI
KUND
ATELI
NARNAUL

3. Further particulars as to Rules, Rates and Classification of Goods can be had on application to any Station on the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company's System.

C. CROMMELIN,
General Traffic Manager.

General Traffic Manager's Office, Bombay, 30th November 1904.

### NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM BOOTH GREEN, DECEASED.

PURSUANT to Section 42 of act XXVIII of 1863 of the Legislative Council of India entitled "The Trustees and Mortgagees Powers" Act 1866" Notice is hereby given that all persons being creditors of or otherwise having any Claims upon or against the Estate of WILLIAM BOOTH GREEN late of Bombay European deceased who died at Bombay on or about the 19th day of April One Thousand Nine Hundred and two and Probate of whose Will was on the 8th day of July One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to ERNEST WILLIAM PYRKE one of the Executors in India named in the Will of the said deceased (Nehmiah Roberts the other Executor in India having renounced his right to Probate thereof) are hereby required to send to the undersigned Solicitors for the said Executor at their Office No. 30 Esplanade Road within the Fort of Bombay in writing there names and address and particulars of their Claims upon or against the Estate of the said deceased within 15 days from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the said Executor will hand over the Assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the Claims of which he shall then have notice.

All persons indebted to the Estate of the said deceased or having property belonging to him are required to pay their debts or hand over such property to the said Executor.

Dated this 3rd day of December 1904.

CRAWFORD, BROWN AND CO.,
Attorneys for the Executor.

### NOTICE.

GREEN'S MANSIONS AND RESTAURANT APOLLO BUNDER.

Notice is hereby given that Mr. ERNEST WILLIAM PYRKE the Executor of the Will of WILLIAM BOOTH GREEN deceased having sold the above premises and the goodwill of the business of a Restaurant Keeper and Provision Merchant carried on thereon by the deceased to the Indian Hotels Company Limited, who have taken over the same as from the 16th day of November 1901, ALL PERSONS HAVING any claims against the said business and the estate of the said William Booth Green deceased for goods supplied or otherwise are hereby required to send to the said Ernest William Pyrke at Northcote House Apollo Bunder their claims in writing within 15 days from the date hereof.

All persons indebted to the estate of the said William Booth Green in respect of the said business up to and inclusive of the 15th November 1901 are requested forthwith to pay their debts to the said Mr. Ernest William Pyrke.

Dated this 3rd day of December 1901.

CRAWFORD, BROWN AND CO.,
Attorneys for the Executor.

THE INDUSTRIAL AND AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION OF THE I. N. CONGRESS 1904.

EXHIBITORS OVER ONE THOUSAND.
ARTICLES EXHIBITED OVER 50,000.
WILL REMAIN OPEN
IN DECEMBER and JANUARY.

H. E. the GOVERNOR has kindly consented TO OPEN the EXHIBITION on the 10th DECEMBER at 5 P.M., and the LADIES' SECTION will be OPENED by HER EXCELLENCY LADY LAMINGTON.

The Exhibition will remain from 3 P.M., to 11 P. M.

RATES OF ADMISSION :

Coupon-Holders.—Rs. 10 for a book containing 60 Non-transferable Coupons.

Class II—Rs. 15, for a book containing 30 Non-transferable Coupons and 30 transferable Coupons for Ladies or Children.

Class III—Rs. 20, for a book containing 30 Non-transferable and 60 transferable Coupons for Ladies or Children.

Coupon-Holders will be entitled to be present at the opening ceremony.

Only a limited number of these Coupon Books will be issued and the Committee reserve to themselves the right of issuing any further Coupon-Books, only those applying early can secure them.

Ordinary Tickets Rs. 2 per ticket for Admission on the day of the Opening Ceremony. Re. 1 per ticket for Admission on succeeding days.

Children under twelve 4 annas.

Coupon-Books will be sold at the Exhibition Office from Sunday the 27th instant between 11 A.M. and 6 P.M.

The Exhibition authorities retain to themselves the right of reserving the Exhibition for Ladies and Children only on certain hours on days which will be notified in the Public Journals, when no male visitors will be admitted to the Exhibition.

The conditions on which the Coupon-Books are issued will be found on the Coupon-Books.

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)
BOMBAY—AFRICA.

THE following Steamers will SAIL—

| Steamers. | Tons. | Capt. | To sail. |
|---|---|---|---|
| S. S. REICHSTAG .. | 2985 | Ihle ..... | 19th Dec 1904. |
| ,, SULTAN ..... | 2984 | Burmeister ... | 29th Dec 1904. |
| ,, SOMALI ..... | 2555 | Volkertsen ... | 6th Jan. 1905. |

Taking Passengers and Cargo for MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, and all Eastern and Southern Ports of AFRICA up to CAPE TOWN.

For Rates and Particulars apply to

A. STRANDES,
Agent.

4, Medows Street, Bombay, 3rd December, 1904.

NOTIFICATION BY THE CONTROLLER OF STATE ACCOUNTS, BHAVNAGAR.

NO. 488 OF SAMVAT 1960 (A. D. 1904).

UNDER orders of HIS HIGHNESS the MAHARAJA of BHAVNAGAR, (conveyed in Resolution No. VII. of Samvat 1960 i. e., A. D. 1904) and in pursuance of Section 5 of the BHAVNAGAR STATE BONDS ACT of Samvat 1960 (A. D. 1904), the Controller of State Accounts, Bhavnagar, hereby invites TENDERS for BHAVNAGAR STATE BONDS to the extent of FIFTEEN LAKHS of RUPEES.

2. The number and value of the Bonds to be issued will be as mentioned below :—

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5,000 | Bonds of Rs. | 100 | each = | Rs. | 5,00,000 |
| 600 | ,, ,, | 500 | ,, = | ,, | 3,00,000 |
| 300 | ,, ,, | 1,000 | ,, = | ,, | 3,00,000 |
| 75 | ,, ,, | 2,000 | ,, = | ,, | 1,50,000 |
| 20 | ,, ,, | 5,000 | ,, = | ,, | 1,00,000 |
| 15 | ,, ,, | 10,000 | ,, = | ,, | 1,50,000 |
| 6,010 | Bonds. | = | | Rs. | 15,00,000 |

3. The Bonds will bear interest at 5 per cent. per annum payable every year on the 1st day of February.

4. The Bonds will run for a period of ten years, that is to say, they will be discharged on the 1st day of February, 1915, when all further interest shall cease.

5. In virtue of the provisions of Section 17 of the Bhavnagar State Bonds Act (No. I. of Samvat 1960, A. D. 1904), the revenues of the Bhavnagar State shall be responsible for the repayment of all Bonds to be issued and for all interest accruing thereon.

6. Under the provisions of Section 6 of the aforesaid Act, the Bonds will be transferrable by endorsement on their back.

7. In virtue of Section 22 of the Bhavnagar State Bonds Act, all Tenders, applications and payments required under this Notification, to be made to the Controller, or to the Bhavnagar State Central Treasury, all monies receivable from the Controller or the said Treasury, and generally all transactions to be conducted with the Controller or the said Treasury, may, at the option of the applicant, payer, payee, or other person concerned, be made, received or conducted, as the case may be, through any of the undermentioned Officers of the Bhavnagar State, viz.—

(a) Bhavnagar State Agent at Bombay ;

(b) Bhavnagar State Vakil at Rajkot ;

(c) Bhavnagar State Vakil at the Head-quarters of the Gohelwad Prant ;

(d) Vahivatdars of Mahals.

Business may also be done through any of the recognised public Banks, as is usually done in the case of other public securities.

TENDERS.

8. Forms of Tenders can be obtained at the office of the undersigned or at any of the offices mentioned in the last preceding clause.

9. Tenders for these Bonds will be received by the undersigned at his office at Bhavnagar from the 1st day of November, 1904, to 5 o'clock P.M., on the 30th day of December, 1904.

10. Each Tender must be addressed, in the form annexed to this Notification, to the undersigned, and enclosed in a closed cover, superscribed "Tender for the 5 per cent. Bhavnagar State Bonds for Rs. ."

11. The rate at which each Tender is made must be specialed in Rupees or in Rupees and annas.

DEPOSITS.

12. Each Tender must be accompanied by a deposit of not less than 2 per cent of the amount of the bond or bonds tendered for, for which a receipt will be given.

13. Tenders which are wholly or partly accepted, the amount of the deposits, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum from the date of their payment, will be credited proportionately in part payment of the allotment certificates issued in respect of such Tenders. If any allotment-certificate is not fully paid up on or before the 1st day of February, 1905, the deposit credited in respect of it will be forfeited.

14. In case of Tenders which are not accepted, the amount of the deposits, with interest at 5 per cent. per annum from the date of their payment up to the 14th day of January, 1905, will be returned to the Tenderers or their duly authorised Agents on the 15th day of January, 1905, on their giving up the receipt for the same duly receipted.

OPENING OF TENDERS.

15. The minimum rate at which Tenders will be accepted will be at par.

16. Tenders received before 30th November, 1904, will be opened publicly, in the presence of the Dewan, at noon on the 1st day of December, 1904, at the office of the undersigned at Bhavnagar. Tenders received after that date and on or before 30th December 1904, will be opened at the same place and in the same manner, at noon on the 2nd day of January, 1905. The contents of the Tenders will not be disclosed otherwise than as provided in Clause 18.

17. Tenders at rates above the minimum rate will be accepted in the order of the rates tendered, beginning with the highest rate; and Tenders at the lowest rate (not below par) will be accepted in the order of time of receipt at their date. In the event of there being more than one Tender, at the lowest rate, of the latest date to which the allotment reaches the amount of allotment will be divided among the Tenderers of that date, in proportion, as nearly as may be found convenient, to the amounts of their Tenders, provided that no allotment will be issued if the amount distributable on any Tender is less than Rs. 100.

ALLOTMENT-CERTIFICATES.

18. To each tenderer (or to his duly authorised agent) whose Tender is accepted in whole or in part, such number of allotment-certificates as may be necessary to make up the aggregate amount allotted to him will be issued as soon as possible after the acceptance of his Tender. All allotments shall be communicated as desired by the tenderers in their applications, and an alphabetical list of the names of those to whom such allotment-certificates are issued will be posted, for general information, at the office of the undersigned.

19. Payment of the allotment-certificates may be made at the Bhavnagar State Central Treasury, Bhavnagar, on any day after the issue of the said certificate, and must be made on the 1st day of February 1905, the latest. Interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum shall run from the date of such payment. Receipts for such payments will be given by enfacement upon the relative certificate.

20. On the 1st day of February, 1905, or as soon after that date as possible, the holders of allotment-certificates which are fully paid up as aforesaid will, on producing them, duly receipted, before the undersigned at his office at Bhavnagar, obtain from him Bhavnagar State Bonds of such values as may have been allotted to them, bearing interest at 5 per cent per annum from the 1st day of February, 1905.

RATILAL CHHOTELAL DESAI,
Controller of State Accounts, Bhavnagar.

Office of the Controller of State Accounts, Bhavnagar, dated 28th October, 1904.

RESOLUTION NO. VII. OF SAMVAT 1960 (A. D. 1904).

WHEREAS it is desirable to borrow FIFTEEN LACHS of rupees for State purposes, in pursuance of the provisions of Section 4 of Act I. of Samvat 1960 (A.D. 1904) the Controller of State Accounts, Bhavnagar, is hereby directed to issue, in the open market, BONDS for that amount, bearing interest at 5 per cent per annum, payable annually on the 1st day of February. The bonds will be in the form hereto annexed, and will run for a period of ten years from 1st February, 1905, that is to say, they will be discharged on the 1st day of February, 1915, when all further interest shall cease.

BHAVSINHJI,
Maharaja of Bhavnagar.

Huzur Office, Bhavnagar, Dated 24th October, 1904.

BHAVNAGAR STATE.

(FORM OF BHAVNAGAR STATE BOND.)

Bhavnagar.....

HIS HIGHNESS the MAHARAJA of Bhavnagar does hereby acknowledge to have received from (A. B.) the sum of Government Rupees only as a loan to the Bhavnagar, State, and does hereby promise for and on behalf of the said State to repay the said loan by paying the said sum of Government Rupees only to the said (A.B.) , his Executors or Administrators or his or their order, on demand, at the Bhavnagar State Central Treasury, on the 1st day of February, 1915, and to pay the interest accruing on the said sum of Government Rupees only, from the 1st day of February, 1905, at the rate of 5 per cent per annum by yearly payments at the Bhavnagar State Central Treasury to the said A. B. Administrators, or his or their order, until the 31st day of January, 19 5.

Seal of the Bhavnagar State.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT
AND EVERY NIGHT,
EUGEN
SANDOW
AND HIS
ALL STAR VAUDEVILLE CO.
ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

SANDOW
Will appear from 9-50 P.M. to 10-35.
FOLLOWING OVERTURE
and VAUDEVILLE following Interval.
FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF THOSE LIVING OUT OF BOMBAY
TO-NIGHT,

SANDOW will LECTURE and demonstrate his advanced double contraction movements. This completes his full set of exercises for those who wish Perfect Health and Physique.

PRICES.—Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2 and Re. 1.
Plan at SOUNDY & Co.'s.

SECOND GRAND MATINEE
WEDNESDAY, 7TH DEC.

Prices Rs. 4, 3, 2, and Re. 1. Children half price.
Commencing 4 P. M.
Plan now open SOUNDY and CO's.

NOTE.—For the convenience of Passengers travelling by the MIDNIGHT TRAIN, It will leave CHURCH GATE, 15 minutes later than usual.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Austrian Lloyd's S. S. "MORAVIA," from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, via Karachi are hereby informed of the Vessel's arrival, and REQUESTED TO TAKE IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS landed at the Victoria Dock, No. 3 Berth.

The Company's Surveyor, Captain MACFADYEN, will attend every morning to survey Damages, and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted within seven days after the discharge of the Cargo, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No surveys can be allowed after the seven days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

E. SCARPA,
Agent-General, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 289 of 1903.

MADHAVJI NURSEY ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

MAHARAJ SHRI GOPAL LALJI AND ANOTHER ..... Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that the sale of the property herein situate on Manganga Road, on the Malabar Hill or Walkeshwar which was advertised to take place on 2nd day of December 1904 has at the request and by consent of parties herein been POSTPONED to the 9th day of DECEMBER, 1904, at 4 o'clock, in the Court House, before the Commissioner of the High Court.—Dated this 3rd day of December, 1903.

BICKNELL, MERWANJEE and ROMER,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

DARRACQ MOTOR CARS.

WE have much pleasure in announcing that we have been APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS by Messrs A. DARRACQ and Co. Ltd., for their MOTOR CARS.

The DARRACQ CARS are Manufactured in Paris, but the works are owned by an English Coy. Who also have extensive show Rooms and Workshops in London and large stocks are maintained so that immediate delivery can be guaranteed.

HILL SAWYER & CO.,
Church Gate Street, Bombay.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. FAZULLABHAI HIBTULLABHAI has contracted a debt for cloths Messrs. KALLIANJI RAMJI and PURSHOTAM RAMJI the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim or claims against the same or any part thereof by way of inheritance mortgage gift, lease, lieu, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No 9 Medow Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date of the beat of the batakee after which the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land, or ground with the messuage tenements or other buildings standing thereon situate at Shaik Memon Street in the City of Bombay fronting the said Shaik Memon Street on the East side there of in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 273 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of Seth Hormusji Bomanji the present Fazandar under the name of Vora Hyderalli Kasamji, and assessed in the books of the Assessor of Bombay Municipa rates and taxes under Ward C Nos 175, 176, 752 and Street Nos. 317, 24 (D) and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the east by the Agiary Lane on or towards the West by the Shaik Memon Street. On or towards, the North by the property of Jaykissondas Gangadas and on or towards the South by the property of Vinayak Parashram and now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Fazullabhai Hibtullabhai.

Dated the 5th day of Decemeor, 1904.

CHITNIS & MOTILAL,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY
(INCLUDING INDIAN MIDLAND SECTION).

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF STORES, ETC.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the AGENT at his Office at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p. m. on WEDNESDAY, the 7th December, 1904, for the supply of the Articles noted below during the 12 months commencing from 1st January, 1905 :—

B. MISCELLANEOUS COUNTRY STORES.
C. MISCELLANEOUS ENGLISH STORES.
D. STATIONERY.

2. Separate Tender Forms of each of the above, giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of Stores and Stationery require, and the Conditions on which Tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, on payment of Rs. 2 for each Form, or Rs. 6 for the set of Three.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender, and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. Tenders should be superscribed with headings as above (B, C and D) and a Deposit of Rupees One Thousand should accompany each Tender, without which no Tender will be considered. Only Cash, Currency Notes, or Government Promissory Notes will be received as Deposits, and if the latter they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, or Order."

5. All Stores to be in accordance with the Company's standard samples, which may be seen at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 4th November, 1904.

TAPE WORMS. These pests expelled in a few hours, particulars and "BOOK OF RECIPES" for cure of various ailments both free. State age.
HIGSON, Box 31, North St. Nottingham, England.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—

Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

ENGLISH-MADE Electro-Plated Presentation Table Lamps, Artistic but not obtrusive. Fitted with globes and chimanies or lace shades, holders and fittings. From Rs. 18 to Rs. 95 each.—MARCKS & Co., LD., Jewellers, &c., Bombay and Poona.

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SALE! SALE!! SALE!!! TO-DAY at CRAWFORD'S ROOMS Woollen pieces of various sorts will be SOLD singly to suit all buyers. Dont loose such Golden Opportunity.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.—First grade helical tube "PREMIER" BICYCLES offered at Rs. 200 and Rs. 185 during Dec. Early application should be made to prevent disappointment. Descriptive circulars on application.—W. H. THORNS & Co, Hornby Row, Bombay.

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WANTED, for a Cotton Mill in Calcutta, MANAGER (European) with thorough knowledge of Carding. Good terms offered to man possessing suitable qualifications. Must have experience of and be able to properly control Native labour. Apply Box No. 1729 N., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED for night work one 1ST CLASS and ONE 2nd CLASS ENGINEER for a Press and Gin Factory Upcountry. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 999 D Advt. Dept. "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED PERSONS, desirous to learn Commercial Correspondence and Precis Writing, to arrange hours with an experienced gentleman. Apply to Box" No. 1234 A" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED by an EXPERIENCED GRADUATE Students going up for Matric, P. E. or B. A. Examinations to be coached up in English, Mathematics and general subjects. Special Class for select pupils. Apply to Box "No 1231 A." Advt. Dept. "Bombay Gazette."

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TO PRINTERS.—FOR SALE a CROWN FOLIO TREADLE MACHINE (by Harrold of London) in fairly good condition. For particulars apply to the SUPERINTENDENT "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

AULD SCOTTIE.—The St. Andrew's Day Dinner WHISKY. For Sale at all Wine Merchants.

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GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL, 150° sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Masagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ltd., and Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ltd., at Rs. 5-0-2 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-1-2 per case, at Bandora.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, "Bombay Gazette, Steam Press.

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OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage; English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

FOR SALE.—A TIBETAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY, with Sanskrit Synonyms, by Sarat Chandra Das, Rai Bahadur, C.I.E. Revised and Edited under the orders of the Government of Bengal by Graham Sandverg, B. A., and A. William Heyde. Apply "Q." care of "Bombay Gazette."

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MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee. Fee, Bombay, Rs. 2, and Mofusil Rs. 3 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Established, 1878.

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2 ½ per annum allowed on daily balances
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The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principal and interest of Debentures on its approved list, on terms which may be ascertained on application. Absentee shareholders' and investors' interests carefully watched.

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Calcutta, 30th July, 1904.

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PROFESSOR of PERSIAN WANTED, to teach up to B. A. Standard. Appointment for one year on probation at Rs. 150 per mensem. If confirmed salary rises annually by Rs. 20 to Rs. 250.

Applications with copies of testimonials to be in the hands of the Undersigned on or before December 15th.

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Principal.

WANTED

FOR the Lady Curzon Hospital, Bangalore, a SECOND LADY ASSISTANT SURGEON or LADY, with L. M. and S. qualification. Salary commencing with Rs. 75 per mensem and graded as per scale of pay of Civil Apothecaries, Madras, according to the length of service with free well furnished quarters. Applications with Copies of diplomas and certificates, if any, to be forwarded to the Undersigned so as to reach him on or before the 1st January, 1905. A knowledge of Tamil is important. Applications should be plainly marked on the cover as "Application for the Post of Lady Assistant Surgeon."

R. F. STANDAGE, Captain, I.M.S.,
Residency Surgeon.

Residency Surgeon's Office, Bangalore, 3rd December, 1904.

WANTED, an experienced STORE-KEEPER on a Salary of Rs. 50 per month for State Workshop, security deposit Rs. 1,000 in Govt. Promissory Note.

None need apply who has no experience in Machinery and Stores.

F. A. A. COWLEY,
Chief Engineer, Indore State
P. W. D., Indore.

FOR SALE.

ONE Handsome Four-wheel Rubber-tyred BRALI-CAR by Laurie and Marner, London. Almost new, Price Rs. 1,500 

## WOUNDS AND SORES.

# HARVEY'S RED LOTION.

(HARVEY'S WATTS' RED LOTION).

FOR CUTS, WOUNDS, SORES, ABRASIONS, BROKEN KNEES, &c.

HARVEY'S RED LOTION is a perfect Healing Wash, comprising all the properties necessary for the healthy and rapid repair of injured tissues, and being absolutely non-poisonous and harmless, no danger need be feared in applying it to wounds, no matter how severe, in any animal or bird.

HARVEY'S RED LOTION is attended with success in the treatment of Grease, Cracked Heels, Sallenders, Thrush, Speedy Cuts, Harness Chafes, and Brushing Marks; Hacks or Sores on the Teats of Milch Cows, and Wounds and Abrasions of all kinds, of Horses, Cattle, Dogs, and all animals. Per Bottle Rs. 1-14.

SOLE AGENTS :—THOMSON & TAYLOR,

BOMBAY, POONA, & KIRKEE.

## 'XMAS 1904.

# MONGINI BROTHERS

NOW REGISTER ORDERS FOR

## 'XMAS CAKES.

| | | Rs. | a. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 'Xmas Cakes Artistically Decorated, plain Icing | ... | 1 | 0 | per lb. |
| Do. do. Chocolate Iced | ..... | 1 | 4 | ,, |
| Do. do. Almond Iced | ..... | 1 | 8 | ,, |

'XMAS BOXES containing 'XMAS CAKE, SWEETS, CHOCOLATES, CRACKERS, Etc., Etc., from Rs. 10.

SEND FOR OUR PRICE LIST AND 'XMAS LIST POST FREE TO ANY ADDRESS.

# MONGINI BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS,

25-27, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

# ALCOCK, ASHDOWN AND CO., LD.,

ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS SHIP AND MILLWRIGHTS.

CONTRACTORS for the SUPPLY of Machinery and Erection of Buildings for Cotton, Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, etc.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work of the heaviest description, Cotton Presses, Half Presses and Finishers for Half-Pressed Bales, Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and Rope Gearing Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameter, Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Water Carts, Tanks, etc.

To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade Requirements, we have added to our Works some of the largest and heaviest Tools in India, including Special Testing Plant, and greatly extended our Foundry.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

THE BRITISH ANTI-FOULING COMPOSITION AND PAINT CO., LTD. (VON HOVELINGS PROCESS.)

PAINTS

As supplied to the Principal Navies of the World.

Messrs. THE ATLAS METAL and ALLOYS CO., LTD., Genuine Atlas Metal of W. E. Watson's Brand.

Messrs. SAMUELSON and Co., Ltd.

Patent Power Hammers and Roots, "Acme" Blowers and Exhausters.

For Sale.—Boilers, Engines, Contractors' Pumps, Boiler Fittings, Pipes, Cocks etc., Also Steel Bars, Plates, and Angle Irons of the largest sections, Diamond, Silver and other Steel and Engineers' Requisites of all descriptions kept in Stock

HEAD WORKS AND OFFICES—DEFENCES WORKS, MAZAGON,

BRANCH FACTORY—CARNAC IRON WORKS,

OPPOSITE VICTORIA DOCKS.

J. W. HEPWORTH, SECRTTARY AND MANAGER,

D. LONGWORTH, ASSISTANT SECRETARY AND MANAGER.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

# THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

## HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

## THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first, for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to

AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

## ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

| Age next Birthday. | Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000. Whole Life Premiums. | Premiums Limited to 10 years. | Premiums Limited to 15 years. | Premiums Limited to 20 years. | Endowment Assurances of Rs.1,000. Payable at death, or in 15 years. | Payable at death, or in 20 years. | Payable at death, or in 25 years. | Age next Birthday |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | |
| 20 | 21 10 | 48 8 | 36 6 | 30 7 | 64 5 | 47 0 | 37 11 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 1 | 49 4 | 36 14 | 30 15 | 64 6 | 47 8 | 37 12 | 21 |
| 22 | 22 9 | 50 0 | 37 7 | 31 7 | 64 8 | 47 10 | 37 15 | 22 |
| 23 | 23 1 | 50 12 | 38 0 | 31 15 | 64 9 | 47 12 | 38 1 | 23 |
| 24 | 23 9 | 51 8 | 38 10 | 32 7 | 64 11 | 47 14 | 38 4 | 24 |
| 25 | 24 2 | 52 5 | 39 4 | 33 0 | 64 13 | 48 0 | 38 7 | 25 |
| 26 | 24 11 | 53 2 | 39 15 | 33 9 | 64 15 | 48 8 | 38 10 | 26 |
| 27 | 25 5 | 54 0 | 40 10 | 34 2 | 65 1 | 48 6 | 38 14 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 15 | 54 14 | 41 5 | 34 12 | 65 4 | 48 2 | 39 2 | 28 |
| 29 | 26 9 | 55 13 | 42 1 | 35 6 | 65 7 | 48 13 | 39 6 | 29 |
| 30 | 27 4 | 56 12 | 42 13 | 36 0 | 65 10 | 49 0 | 39 11 | 30 |
| 31 | 27 15 | 57 13 | 43 10 | 36 11 | 65 13 | 49 4 | 40 0 | 31 |
| 32 | 28 11 | 58 14 | 44 7 | 37 6 | 66 0 | 49 8 | 40 6 | 32 |
| 33 | 29 8 | 59 15 | 45 4 | 38 2 | 66 4 | 49 12 | 40 12 | 33 |
| 34 | 30 6 | 61 1 | 46 2 | 38 15 | 66 8 | 50 2 | 41 5 | 34 |
| 35 | 31 5 | 62 2 | 47 1 | 39 12 | 66 13 | 50 8 | 41 10 | 35 |
| 36 | 32 4 | 63 8 | 48 0 | 40 10 | 67 2 | 50 14 | 42 2 | 36 |
| 37 | 33 5 | 64 12 | 49 0 | 41 9 | 67 8 | 51 5 | 42 11 | 37 |
| 38 | 34 6 | 65 1 | 50 1 | 42 8 | 67 14 | 51 13 | 43 5 | 38 |
| 39 | 35 8 | 67 6 | 51 3 | 43 9 | 68 4 | 52 5 | 43 15 | 39 |
| 40 | 36 11 | 68 12 | 52 8 | 44 9 | 68 11 | 52 14 | 44 10 | 40 |
| 41 | 38 0 | 70 3 | 53 8 | 45 11 | 69 3 | 53 8 | 45 6 | 41 |
| 42 | 39 6 | 71 11 | 54 12 | 46 14 | 69 12 | 54 3 | 46 4 | 42 |
| 43 | 40 13 | 73 4 | 56 1 | 48 2 | 70 6 | 55 0 | 47 3 | 43 |
| 44 | 42 5 | 74 13 | 57 6 | 49 7 | 71 0 | 55 14 | 48 4 | 44 |
| 45 | 43 14 | 76 7 | 58 12 | 50 13 | 71 11 | 56 13 | 49 6 | 45 |

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during The life Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 800 only instead of Rs. 1,000.

OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 33, being thus free of Premiums before age 50; this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.

OR, if preferring to make provision for his old age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 39-11.

TO PROFESSIONAL MEN AND OTHERS

Whose income is dependent upon health, the Limited Payment System or Endowment Assurances is specially recommended.

E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

FROM TO-DAY

# RUDGE WHITWORTH BICYCLES

WILL BE SOLD AT

## Rs. 165

FOR CASH ONLY.

# J. A. KIRKBRIDE & CO.

60, TAMARIND LANE.


## COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, DEC. 3.

SECURITIES—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 1-2 per cent. Consols | £88 1-8 | = — 1-8 | |
| 2½ do. Bonds | £95 3-4 | = unchanged | |
| 3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan | £105 3-4 | = — 1-4 | |
| 3 1-2 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper | £65 1-2 | = unchanged | |

SILVER—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Spot in London | 27 7-16 | = unchanged |
| 2 months hence | 27 1-2 | = + 1-8 |
| Spot in New York | 59 1-2 | = + 1-8 |

EXCHANGES—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Paris cheques | 25·16 | = + 1-2 |
| Berlin ,, | 20·38 3-4 | = — 1-4 |
| New York Demand | 4·86 1-2 | = unchanged |

DISCOUNTS—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bank of England | 3 per cent | = do |
| 3 months' sight Bank Bills | 2 7-8 per cent | = — 1-8 |
| 3 ,, ,, Fine Trade Bills | 2 7-8 per cent | = — 1-8 |
| 6 months sight Fine Trade Bills | 3 1-4 per cent | = unchanged |
| | 3 3-8 per cent | = — 1-4 |

INTEREST—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Day to day loans | 2 per cent | = — 1-4 |
| 7 day market loans | 2 1-4 per cent | = — 1-4 |

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £150,000 for Egypt.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Silver to Bombay | £ 230,000 |
| Gold ,, ,, | £ 40,000 |

SUGAR—

German granulated 1st marks 15 1-2, N.-D., sellers, quiet.

RUBBER—

Para Rubber 5 5-16 value

WHEAT—

Red Karachi 29 3-4 D.-J. sellers firm

COFFEE—

Coffee in New York, 8 1-2

In Liverpool—Cotton Market closed easier Surats dull, Manchester quiet. Total sales 10,000. Spot 4·68—9. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 8 1-8—1-16 Sold on speculation and for Export 2,000. Imports 62,000. Arrivals closed steady.

| Dec.-Jan. | Jan.-Feb. | Feb.-Mar. |
|---|---|---|
| 4·59 | 4 64 | 4·67 |
| —8 | —8 | —8 |
| Mar.-April | April.-May | May-June. |
| 4·70 | 4·72 | 4·74 |
| —3 | —3 | —8 |
| June-July | July-Aug. | Aug.-Sept. |
| 4·75 | 4·79 | 4·79 |
| —8 | —9 | —9 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts at U S Ports | | 67,000 |
| Do. last year | | 49,000 |
| Exports to Great Britain | | 35,000 |
| Do. do Continent | | 12,000 |
| In New York— | | |
| Spot | | 8·60—40 |
| Futures, month of December | | 7·91—55 |
| Do. do. March | | 8·20—32 |
| In New Orleans— | | |
| Spot | | unquoted |
| Futures, month of March | | 8·01—51 |
| Do. do. June | | 8·19—61 |

Market disorganised by the large Government crop estimate.

COTTON.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| The Washington Agricultural Bureau report estimates the crop at | 12,200,000 |
| Stock in Liverpool | 562,000 |
| Stock in London | 15,000 |
| Total visible supply | 3,820,000 |
| | + 160,000 |
| Do do for which is East Indian | 90,000 |
| Total Quantity in sight | 6,340,000 |
| | + 330,000 |

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay, for the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m., on Saturday, 3rd December, 1904 :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Cotton | 2,118 bales. |
| Wheat | 2,316 cwts. |
| Linseed | 10,0·2 ,, |
| Rape, Rai and Mustard | 3,4·9 ,, |
| Gingellyseed | 21,139 ,, |
| Poppyseed | 84 ,, |
| Groundnuts | 304 ,, |
| Castorseed | 255 ,, |
| Rice | 6,0·1 ,, |
| Myrabolams | 2,176 ,, |
| Cottonseed | 24,518 ,, |
| Mowraseed | 1,753 ,, |
| Gram | (22) ,, |
| Jowar | 6,0·0 ,, |
| Maize | 333 ,, |

BOMBAY, DEC. 5.

Exchange—Tone quiet but steady.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank T. T. | 1s 4 1-16d. |
| Bank Demand | 1s 4 3-32d to 1-16d. |
| Credit Bills 3 Months' Sight D. A. | 1s. 4 9-32d. |
| Do 6 do do | 1s. 4 13-32d. |
| French Francs 8 do do | 170 3-4 |
| Marks 8 do do | 138 1-2 |
| Hongkong 30 Days' Sight | 136 |
| Shanghai 30 do do | 193 |
| Japan 30 do do | 148 |

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent. Tone steady.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cash | 97·14 |
| 1st Settlement 5th January | 97·11 |

Money Market,—Tone easy.

BANK RATE,—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bank of England since 21st April | 3 | per cent. |
| Bank of Bombay do 20th October | 5 | do |
| Bank of Bengal do 10th November | 6 | do |
| Bank of Madras do 6th July | 4 | do |

Bank of Bombay cash balance 27 lakhs down.

SEEDS—

| | |
|---|---|
| Linseed,—Tone quiet. Ready | Rs. a. p. 5 12 |
| Rapeseed,—Tone steady. Brown Cawnpore, Ready | 5 3·4 |
| Yellow Cawnpore, Ready | 5 12 |
| Yellow Guzerat, Ready | 5 12 |
| Poppyseed.—Tone steady. Ready | 5 7 0 |
| Castorseed—Tone firm, Ready | Rs. 2·4 1-2 |

GINGELLYSEED.—Tone quiet.

| | |
|---|---|
| Howree Khandeish | Rs. 36 |
| 15 per cent Mixed | Rs. 34 1-2 to 35 |
| 25 per cent ,, | Rs. 34 |
| 50 per cent ,, | Rs. 33 |
| Black Kutnee | Rs. 30 to 31 |

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM

| | |
|---|---|
| Tone— | Flat. |
| Estimated sales | bales 12,000 |
| Imports | do. 15,000 |

Following are values at 10 10 a. m.

| Dec.-Jan. | Jan.-Feb. |
|---|---|
| 4·17 | 4·21 |
| —12 | —13 |
| **Feb.-Mch.** | **Mch-Apl.** | **Apl. May.** |
| 4·24 | 4·25 | 4·29 |
| —13 | —15 | —13 |
| **May-June** | **June-July** | **July-Aug.** |
| 4·30 | 4·32 | 4·36 |
| —14 | —15 | —16 |
| | Aug. Sept. 4·20 —15 | |

COTTON.—The market has been very irregular to-day. A fairly large business was put through at declining rates, and after the opener was received this afternoon, prices fell at once about Rs 6 per candy below the Official quotations. At the close in the Sutta Bazaar Good M D Broach is quoted Rs 213 and Fully Good H G Bengal Rs 167.

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited :—

| Growths | Fine | F.-G. | Gd. | Dely. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bengal (H.-G.) (Ry.terms) | 182 | 172 | ... | 25 Dec. |
| Do do. do. | 184 | 174 | ... | 25 Jan. |
| Bengals (H.-G.) (Ry.terms) | 197 | 191 | ... | 25 Dec. |
| Oomrawatee (descriptions) M-G. | 195 | 189 | ... | do. Jan. |
| Khandeish (M.-G.) | ... | ... | 193 197 | 25 Dec. |
| Do. do. | ... | ... | 190 184 | 25 Jan. |
| Khangaum fair staple (M-G) | | | | |
| Karanja do. do. do. | 197 | 191 | ... | do. do. |
| Akola do. do. do. | 199 | 193 | ... | 25 Dec |
| Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M-G) | 201 | 195 | ... | do do. |
| Do. ... ... ... | 199 | 193 | ... | 25 Jan. |
| Broach (M.-G.) | 230 | ... | ... | 1/25 Mar. |
| Do. (M.-G.) | ... | ... | 220 | 15/25 do. |
| algaon (M. G.) | ... | ... | 195 189 | 25 Dec. |
| Do. (M.-G.) | ... | ... | 192 186 | 25 Jan. |
| Bengal (M. G.) | ... | ... | 184 174 | 25 Dec. |
| Do. ... | ... | ... | 184 174 | 25 Jan. |
| Sind-Punjab | ... | ... | 184 174 | 25 Dec. |
| Do. ... | ... | ... | 184 174 | 25 Jan. |
| Nagpur Kamptee (M.-G.) | ... | ... | 203 197 | 25 Dec. |
| Do. ... | ... | ... | 201 195 | 25 Jan. |

## BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending the 26th November, as compared with the statement of the 3rd December:—

| LIABILITIES. | Nov. 26 Rs. | Dec. 3. Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Capital | 1,00,00,000 | 1,00,00,000 |
| Reserve Fund | 84,00,000 | 84,00,000 |
| Public Deposits at Head Office | 60,89,177 | 53,41,296 |
| Public Deposits at Branches | 27,45,858 | 27,02,000 |
| Other Deposits | 7,87,96,422 | 7,92,47,395 |
| Post Bills | 16,748 | 16,748 |
| Sundries | 19,06,562 | 19,54,632 |
| Rs. | 10,79,36,567 | 10,76,72,094 |
| ASSETS. | | |
| Government Securities | 1,26,56,052 | 1,22,23,733 |
| Other authorised Securities | 19,85,552 | 19,95,752 |
| Credit on Govt. and other authorised Securities | 60,47,467 | 60,19,570 |
| Loans do. do. do. | 1,07,10,938 | 1,26,89,788 |
| Bills discounted and purchased | 3,45,44,399 | 3,55,07,817 |
| Dead Stock | 3,12,188 | 3,12,500 |
| Stamps and Stationery | 2,225 | 2,198 |
| Balances with other Banks | 13,28,089 | 11,83,168 |
| Sundries | 2,03,237 | 2,55,218 |
| Cash | 4,11,33,557 | 3,81 04,220 |
| Rs. | 10,79,36,3 | 10,76,72,094 |

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, December 3rd.)

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The services of Mr L C Adami of the I C S are replaced at the disposal of the Home Depart with effect from the 21st inst.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The services of the Hon'ble Lieut Col J A L Montgomery C S I Officiating Financial Commissioner Punjab are replaced at the disposal of H E the Cr in C in India with effect from the 12th Dec or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved of his present duties.

The services of Mr H J Hoare of the I C S are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Depart.

Mr H M Kisch has been permitted to resign H M's I C S with effect from the 1st Oct;

Mr A Porteous C I E has been permitted to resign H M's I C S with effect from the 15th Aug.

The services of Mr J Donald of the I C S are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of Bengal.

The services of Mr R Greeven of the I C S are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of the United Provinces with effect from the 21st Nov.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE

The undermentiond officers, who have been appointed by H M., Secretary of State to the Forest Depart. of India are appointed to be Assist. Conservators, 2rd grade, with effect from the dates specified opposite their names, and are posted to the Provinces named below:—Mr. J D Clifford, F C H, Burma, 14th Nov. Mr. J Whitehead, United Provinces, 19th Nov. Mr. P C Corbould, Central Provinces, 19th Nov. Mr. C H Philipp, Burma, 14th Nov. and The Hon'ble J W Best, Central Provinces, 19th Nov.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr. F R Bagley, Chief Eng. 2nd class, State R. and Engineer C of the N W R has been granted by H M's Secretary of State for India, furlough for one month in extension of the ten months combined leave sanctioned in P W D Notification No 68 R (Always), dated the 24th Feb.

Mr L F Jackson, a qualified student of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Rurki, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Rig Branch of the P W D as an Assist Engineer 3rd grade, with effect from the 2nd No and is posted to State Railways for employment on the Allahabad Tyzabad Railway.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officers are admitted to I A with from the date specified subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:—Lieutenants—Charles John Patrick MacAlpine G and 1st Bat the Black Watch Royal Highlanders attached as a supernumerary to the 2nd Bat the Black Watch Royal Highlanders Wing Officer 4th Merwara Inf, dated 13th Sept and Harold Frederick Kilgour Royal Garrison Artillery Double Company Officer 103th Mahratta Light Inf date 3rd November.

Second Lieutenants—Frederick Launcelot Doone Jarad 2nd Bat East Lancashire Reg Double Co Officer 25th Baluchistan Inf dated 21st Oct—Walter Guy Ayscough 1st Bat the King's Own Royal Lancaster Reg Double Co Officer 7th [illegible] Charles Ainsworth Thackwell 1st Bat Middlesex Reg officiating Double Co Officer Star Pioneers dated 30th Nov, Edward Darling Roberts 1st Bat the Devonshire Reg officiating Double Co Officer 2nd Queen's Own Rajput Light Inf date 31st Oct Edward Sommerville Wheeler 1st Bat the Bedfordshire Reg Double Co Officer 37th Dogras dated 5th Nov and Percy Thomas Egherton the Northamptonshire Reg attached as a supernumerary to the 1st Bat the Leicestershire Reg Double Co Officer 78th Moplah Rifles dated 4th Nov.

Second Lieut Jarrad is promoted to the rank of Lieut in the I A subject to H M's approval with effect from the 21st Oct.

With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulation published with clause 92 I A Circulars 1891 the undermentioned officers of the Unattached List are admitted to the I A with effect from the dates specified to subject confirmation by the Secy Lieuts—Hugh Jasper Gerald Massy dated 19th Oct Frederick James Chatwick dated 8th Nov and Eric Maitland Houlday dated 24th October.

Lieut C O Morris 105th Mahratta L I to be Supply and Transport Officer 6th class with effect from the 21st July 1904—Joined his appointment on the 15th Oct—Lieut E S Turner 48th Pioneers to be Supply and Transport Officer 6th Class with effect from the 8th Sept—Joined his appointment on the 17th Oct—Lieut A H Watts 41st Dogras to be Supply and Transport Officer 6th class with effect from the 13th Sept—Joined his appointment on the 14th Oct Lieut A F Stewart 13th Carnatic L I to be Supply and and Transport officer 6th class with effect from the 14th Sept—Joined his appointment on the 15th Oct,

Conductor C S Wallis Supply and Transport Corps has been transferred to the pension establishment.

The promotion of Lieut H S T G S 82nd 12ist Pioneers published in Military Dept Notification No 167 of 1904 has effect from the 26th Sept 1903 and not as therein stated.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—Engineer J F Ellis, Royal Indian Marine M C for six months.

## HIGH COURT.—DEC. 6.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B TYABJI

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Short Causes.

629-04—Shamrao and M—Kevalshand Bholanath and another vs Goldbundas Meghraj—Tyabji D and Co

761-04—Payne and Co—N C Macleod vs B Limjibhoy Sagar and others—Kanga and E

784-04—Thakurdas and Co—Hormusji Nusservanji Vakil vs Syed Sirdar Ali Khan

785-04—Payne and Co—N C Macleod vs Undefended New Long Cause

709 04—Nasirshaw and T—Shamabai Naikin vs Nanabhai Baiji Sunderji and another

Suits for hearing and final disposal, Commercial Cause.

758-04—Captain and V Chapsey Purbat and others vs Messrs Gill and Co—Wadia and Co

Long Causes

682-03—N M Cama Jaoo Haji Gool Mahomed and others vs Hoorbai widow and another—Kanga and P

17-04—Matubhai J and M—Mahomadbhai Hassambhai vs Peerbhoy Cassumbhoy—M and B Chothia

114-02—Matubhoy J and M—Sonbai widow vs Bharmai Khimji and others—Pestonji R and K

112-01—M B Chothia—Framroze Jamshed Aga vs Runchord s Tribhowandas Mody—Payne and Co

577-04—Mulla and M—Rahimtulla Hasan vs Memon Ahmed Miya Hasu Miya—Kanga and P

567-04—In person a pauper—Pandurang Dhondeo Cudoo vs Damodhur Nuthoo Cudoo and others—Dadhiary and F

535-04—J P Davur—Nanser Khairaz and Co vs Berid Smith and Co Limited—Kanga and S

424 01—R P Mehta—Hiraji Dayaji Mahotre vs Gombai R and K

Testamentary suits for hearing and final disposal.

14-01—Maganlal J and G—Ramdas Madhavdas vs Jamnadas Runchordas Davidas—Tyabji D and Co and Maganlal J and G

15-04—Sorabji and J—Bai Memubai widow vs Canji Walji Madheeji and K

20-04—Tyabji D and Co—Chhabildas Narandas vs Bai Heedabai widow a minor by her guardian Gordhan Govind—Bicknell M and R

For Consent Decree.

567-03—Payne and Co—Krishna W Papuji Hijib vs Hemchand Maneckchand—In person

Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice CHANDAVARKAR,

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

228-01—K and D Shroff—Dhunjeebhoy Merwanjee Shroff vs Nusserwanjee Curseejee Sukhia—Craigie Lard O—Part heard.

505-04—Jehangir and S—Ramabai widow vs Ramchunder Vithul Shringarpure—Khunderao and S

Long Causes

267-03—Ardesir H D and Co—Haji Abdul Rahman Shirazi vs Hajibibi widow and others—Captain and V

331-00—Captain and V—Fakirchand and others vs Doolub Govindjee and others—Madhowjee V

117-04—Bhaishunker K and G—The Advocate-General of Bombay vs Bai Sudha Alias Moghibai—Madheryi and V

103-04—Bicknell M and M—Dinshaw M Punthockey and another vs Khatri Salemahomed Jaffer—Little and Co

465-04—Payne and Co—Vulli Mahomed Hassum vs Vussomji Valli and Co—Madhowji and V

20-01—Payne and Co—Shamjee Kandojee vs Chimnaji Sadashiv and other—F P—Pavri Magaolal T and G

136-03—M and B—Chothia Vajibai widow vs—Nana widow—Payne and Co

74-04—Tyabji and Co—Manockbai widow vs Bai Amrat widow and others—Edgelow G and W.

235-04—Pestonji R and K—Hirjibhoy Meneckji Sethna vs Datamm Ramkrishna Koregaoker and others—Mulla and M.

618-01—Captain and V—Rabiabai vs Rahimabai wo wid Nadirshaw and F

Before the Prothomtary.

For Investigation of Pauperism.

37-04—In Person—Sminabibi widow vs Mahomedally bin Abdul Karim Logday and others—Captain and V

40-04—In Person—Ruttonsay Kessenji vs Lakhabai widow and others

## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional lines CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

HUME—Nov 24, at Mussoorie, the wife of Captain A H B Hume, R E, of a son.

PICKARD—Nov 27, at Evelyn Hall, Mussoorie, the wife of F F Pickard, Royal Indian Marine, of a son.

MORRIS—Nov 29, at Pachmerhi, the wife of A H Morris, Superintendent of Police, of a daughter.

FREEMAN—Nov 30, at 5 Barkshall Street, Calcutta, the wife of Robert Freeman, of a son.

ORMISTAN—Nov 29, at Hotel Cecil, Simla, the wife of George A Crmistan, of a son.

JAMES—Nov 30, at Abbottabad, the wife of Captain M G James, 6th Gurkha Rifles, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

GROSE—CLIFFORD—Nov 21, at St James' Church, Delhi by the Rev M F Wheeler, Captain J Grose, Royal Garrison Artillery, to Ethel, daughter of S Le P Trench Clifford, Divisional Judge, Delhi.

DEATHS.

SCHWALM—Nov 24, at Cherlemont Mussoorie, of peritonitis, Paula Line Schwalm.

MACDONALD—Nov 17, at Khazaria, Monahyr District, suddenly, Archibald MacDonald, of Polnish, Arisaig, Scotland, the dearly beloved husband of Margaret Ross


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A Compound Elixir of Trifolium with Iodide of Potassium.

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# BOMBAY

TO-DAY.

Sun rises 6h. 2m. Sun sets 5h. 49m. High water 10-13m, 11-7a. Low water, 4-22m, 4-20a.

Fifth Criminal Sessions.

Bombay Light Horse parade, 7 a.m.

Manmar Manufacturing Company, 73, Medows Street, 3 p.m.

Laying the memorial stone of the new Y. M. C. A. Building by H. E. the Governor, Wodehouse Road, 4-30 p.m.

Bombay Improvement Trust, 4 p.m.

Mr. Jiwanji Modi's Lecture 5-30 p.m.

Novelty Theatre, Eagen Sandow and the Star-Vaudeville Company, 9-30 p.m.


POLO.—There will be a game of polo at 4 30 p. m. to-day.

UNCLAIMED PROPERTY.—The Bombay Police notify the possession of one cycle lamp, five silver gangrees, two hats (straw) and a half currency note for Rs 500, which are lying at the Head Police Office, awaiting claimants.

FIRE IN A MILL.—A fire broke out in the blow room of the Wadia Cooverji cotton cleaning factory at Elphinstone Road on Sunday and was put out by the operatives employed in the factory. The damage done by fire and water is estimated at Rs. 1 000.

REPORTED THEFT.—Burjorji Bazonji, a Parsi residing on the first storey of a house, opposite the Marine Lines Station, has reported to the police the theft of a gold watch and chain and other gold articles of the collective value of Rs. 412 from his room during Saturday night.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP MOVEMENTS.—We have received from the London Lancashire and Fire Insurance Company, a copy of "American Cotton Crop Movements" published by this Company. The book contains in a small compass a great deal of information which is exceedingly useful to all connected with the cotton trade. A number of improvements have been made in the new edition including the introduction of the metric system into the calculations. Copies may be had on application to the Secretary, Sirdar Palace, Apollo Street.

MR. JIWANJI MODI'S LECTURE.—The first lecture of the season under the auspices of the "Dnyan Prasarak Mandali" will be delivered in Gujarati at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute at 5 30 p. m. to-day by Shamsul Ulma Jiwanji Jamshedji Modi, B. A. The topic selected for the evening is. "An old Persian Ossuary and a few old Manuscripts etc. to be exhibited at the ensuing Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition." The lecture will be illustrated with an exhibition of some old manuscripts and an Ossuaire and is open to the public, front seats being reserved for ladies and members of the Mandli as usual.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—Cy kind permission of Lieutenant-Colonel S. J. arjant and the Officers of the 1st Bn. G. I. P. Ry. Vol. Band will play the following programme of music under the of Mr. A. Mallandine, Bandmaster, commencing at 5-45 p.m to-day :—

| | |
|---|---|
| March | Defiance ... Hume |
| Overture | Siradella ... Farlow |
| Gde Fantasia | Le Cid ... Massenet |
| American Selection | By the Swanee River ... Middleton |
| | (A Cross dream of this past) |
| Selection | A Runaway Girl ... Monckton |
| Valse | Polite [illegible] ... Pahlen |

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, Delagoa Bay and other places in South Africa per extra s. s. Umtali via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 p.m. to-day. A supplemental mail will also be closed to-morrow at 7 p. m.—Mails for Ceylon, Singapore, China, Japan and Australia per s. s. Ville de la Ciotat will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a. m. on the 9th Instant. Parcel mail for French-China, Netherlands India and Japan close at 10 a. m. to-morrow.—Mails for Mauritius, Tamatave and Reunion and Diego Suare via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 p. m. to-morrow. A supplemental mail will also be closed at 7 p. m on the 8th Idem.

FALSE REPRESENTATION.—Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. Kersondas Chhildars, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Power charged one Abdul Mahomed Syed Umar, an orderly in the Umercarry Jail with attempting to cheat one Odhanji Shanker, a Purdesi in respect of Rs. 5. From the evidence it appeared that complainant was in the employ of Virji Tricum, who was recently imprisoned for offering of an illegal gratification to the Police in the Yerrowda Jail. The accused visited the complainant at his shop in Shaik Mammon Street and there made a false representation to him that Virji Tricum wanted Rs. 5 for smuggling in Indian "biddies." The complainant knew that Virji could not want the sum as he was in the Jail; and this aroused his suspicion, and he informed Inspector Power who had the accused arrested while in the act of taking a five rupee currency note from the complainant. He was convicted and sentenced to three months' had labour.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Lord Kelvin, 2157 tons, Captain J F Bockerley will sail to-day for Calcutta in ballast,

THE steamer Argenfels, 3658 tons, Captain A Meyer sailed yesterday for Mormugoa with the same bottom cargo.

THE Clan Line s s Clan Graham, 1857 tons, Captain O B Whyte will sail to-day for Liverpool with a general cargo.

THE steamer Brantwood, 2295 tons, Captain E Booth, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Genoa 12th November in ballast.

THE steamer Langdale, 2293 tons, Captain C J Kelly, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Blyth 2nd November with a cargo of coal.

THE B I S N Co's s s Vadala, 2164 tons, Captain J Skinner will sail to-day for Calcutta via Coast Ports, with a general cargo and 57 deck passengers.

THE Asiatic S N Co's s s Nurani, 2870 tons, Captain B H Bullen will sail to-day for Calcutta via Coast Ports with a general cargo and 4 deck passengers

THE Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's s s Moravia, 2268 tons, Captain V Garrich arrived in harbour yesterday from Trieste 8th November via Karachi with a general cargo

THE B I S N Co's s s Ujina, 3126 tons, Captain R E Honeywood arrived in harbour yesterday from Port Louis 13th November with a general cargo and 2 cabin passengers

THE Florio Rubattino S N Co s steamer Iachia, 2784 tons, Captain D Maganzini, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Hongkong, with a general cargo, and 17 cabin and 113 deck passengers,

THE steamer Alavia 2974 tons, Captain R E Peel R N R, arrived in harbour on the 4th instant from Jeddah 23rd November via Aden, in ballast and the following passengers Mrs Kent and infant, Mr and Mrs Byramjee S Mehta, Mr and Mrs Ruttenjee Chapsey, 2 daughters and infant, Mr Narayandas and 19 deck,

THE B I S N Co's steamer Islanda, 3361 tons, Captain H F Bird, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Australia with a general cargo, horses, and the following passengers—Mr Gillies, Mr J McLeod, Mr Cross, Mr J Casey, Mr P O'Grady, Mr J McCarthy, Mr J Keeley, Mr R Rodd, M

DHARIWAL BLANKETS,
HORSE, BED AND ARMY
DHARIWAL SUITINGS,
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and PUTTOO.
DHARIWAL COSTUME CLOTHS,
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ALL NECESSARIES
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BERMALINE BREAD
AS USED IN THE
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Dr. ANDREW WILSON, says:—"This BREAD should be taken by all who are in any way affected by digestive ailments."
All kinds of Fancy and Household Bread made. MILK, BUTTER and CREAM supplied to any part of Bombay twice daily.
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.


# The Bombay Gazette

TUESDAY, DEC. 6, 1904.


## FORREST'S "INDIAN MUTINY."

THE History of the Mutiny, which was undertaken some time ago by Mr. G. W. Forrest, C.I.E., ex-Director of Records to the Government of India, has now made its appearance through Messrs. Blackwood and Co. As he claims, it is reviewed and illustrated from original documents to which Mr. Forrest has had more unrestricted access than perhaps any previous historian. The work, which is in two portly volumes, is dedicated "to the beloved memory of Captain George Forrest, V.C., one of the gallant nine who defended the Delhi magazine, 11th May 1857: and his wife Ann Forrest, who, in a time of special trial, showed how love, grace and gentleness are compatible with heroic courage." "The book is dedicated by their son." In this book, Mr. Forrest tells us he has reprinted with corrections and additions, the two introductions prefixed to the three volumes of "Letters, Despatches and other State Papers preserved in the Military Department of the Government of India, 1857-58." It was suggested and urged upon the author that the introductions, which show the bearing of the new and original materials on history, and are detailed systematic narratives of the fierce struggle which succeeded the military insurrection of 1857, should be brought within easy and convenient compass for the large number of persons, who, although they have not the leisure to study official documents, take an interest in the most important fact in the history of British dominion in India. This has been done for in Mr. Forrest's view "the Indian Mutiny addresses our mind through the intellect and the imagination. It is no mere incident in Anglo-Indian history which conveys many grave lessons to those who labour in our Indian Empire, but it is a noble epic which speaks to every Englishman, wherever he may be, and calls up past and glorious memories." With the full appreciation of the impossibilities of his task, the author has mainly relied for his material on "the sure ground of official documents." He has also dipped into varied and abundant contemporary literature—"fortified" his official documents by this literature, he says. But to get at a true appreciation of the value of the work, we must know the sources whence he has obtained the information wherewith to fortify that contained in official documents. Contemporary literature is frequently warped and biased, also frequently unreliable and the lapse of time is apt to show that it possesses very little value at all.

Mr. Forrest is well aware of this, and he goes out of his way to tell us the character as well as the sources of his supplementary material. A large number of private letters and diaries were placed at his disposal, and he assures us it was his anxious care in dealing with them as separate facts and just inferences from matters and opinions "honestly given as testified by the senses of the writer, but in truth founded on the current statements and warped feelings of the hour." He also had the advantage of conversations with many who witnessed occurrences recorded. As to the military operations, he recognises that they extended over so wide a field that no actor can have a personal knowledge of all the circumstances. So, he has put together 'fragments of information" which he has received from several witnesses, marking where they agree and where they differ, and comparing them with the whole collection of written statements, he has endeavoured to arrive at a complete and correct conception of the combination of scenes which a battle or the storming of a fortress presents. This is surely legitimate and is the recognised "modus operandi" of the modern war-correspondent; but his conceptions have been corrected by "the technical and sagacious criticisms of military experts." In order to strengthen the text and to enable the reader to form his own judgment of the evidence, Mr. Forrest has prudently given as foot-notes, reproducing citations from the original authorities, and extracts from despatches and letters. These are also introduced into the text. The history of the siege of Delhi, for example, is mainly told by the letters and despatches of the chief actors whose plain narratives of facts reflects the spirit which produces heroic deeds. The story of the defence of Lucknow is told in the contemporary narratives "of the men, who did the fighting and the women whose courage never failed." He utilised the diary of Captain George Fulton, whose sons, now in Australia, placed it at the historian's disposal. He also had the loan of the manuscript diary of Sir Joseph Fayrer. Colonel Bonham personally related the story of Chinhut, and the late General May personally revised the narrative of that action, shortly prior to his death. The story of Cawnpore is from the accounts of Captain Thomson and Lieutenant Delafosse, the two male survivors from the Cawnpore Garrison and from an account specially written by one of the two women who escaped the massacre at the bank of the river.

It is satisfactory to know that some of the incidents, which have hitherto passed current as having occurred in fact, have been found defective. Concerning Cawnpore, for example, Mr. Shepherd's narrative "furnishes us with trustworthy evidence of what took place before he left the entrenchment on the 24th of June, but, as he, himself writes, his account of what happened at Cawnpore after that date was gathered from different sources." Mr. Forrest, therefore, warns us that it must be received with considerable reserve. "His sensational account of the massacre of the women and children does not bear the test of facts which have been carefully gleaned." The testimony of sixty-three native witnesses, examined by the Commissioner of Police in the North-West Provinces, is shown to be full of discrepancies. Very little value is attached to it, and, instead, Mr. Forrest depends upon the confidential reports of officials, petitions from private persons and so forth, which show that "although the darkest tints predominate, the picture is not so black as it has been painted," and the author agrees with the Police Commissioner, Colonel Williams, that the "most searching and earnest inquiries totally disprove the unfounded assertion that at first was so frequently made and so currently believed, that personal indignity and dishonour were offered to our poor suffering countrywomen. The evidence also proves that the sepoy guard placed over the prisoners refused to surrender them. The foul crime was perpetrated by five ruffians of the Nana's guard at the instigation of a courtesan." The sketch of Lucknow is from Sir Colin Campbell's own despatch and other primary sources, including Outram's memorandum on the operations. Lord Roberts, General Sir J. J. H. Gordon, Sir Henry Norman and numerous other officers of distinction, all rendered Mr. Forrest assistance in the preparation of his work, and we believe we are correct in saying that now for the first time we have a thoroughly reliable history of the great Mutiny. Mr. Forrest's aim, we are glad to find, has been "to state salient authentic facts in a spirit that will not revive the virulent race animosities which were aroused by bloodshed and carnage, and perverted the history and criticism of the hour."

AUSTRALIAN GOVERNORS.

THE Governors of Australian States as we have known them seem to be doomed. It was inevitable that when federation was accomplished, the various States and especially those whose finances are not in the most flourishing condition should consider the utility of maintaining, at considerable expense, six gubernatorial establishments in addition to that of the Governor-General. There is the less need for the maintenance of the Governorships in their present condition since individual States have been told that the Governor-General is the representative of the Crown in Australia through whom communications with the Colonial Secretary at Home must now pass. The aim of federation was to make Australia a nation and remove much of the cause for State jealousy that previously existed, and it is but natural that the Colonies should now think that a less ornamental and less expensive type of Governor will serve their needs. There would be considerable economy in the local appointment of Governors on the Canadian model, and there would certainly be no loss of efficiency in administration, for the duties of the present order of Governors are purely social. It seems to have been agreed by the Colonial Office that no more nominee Governors shall be sent out by Great Britain, but that the duties of the office will devolve on the various Chief Justices, presidents of Legislative Councils or other suitable administrators. The first State to make a departure in this direction is Queensland where the determining factor has been the one of expense. Last year the salary of the Governor of Queensland was £5,000 and the total cost of the establishment to the State treasury has been nearly £7,000 a year, a cost altogether disproportionate to the population, the financial condition of the State and the nature of the duties to be performed. In this respect Queensland has been regarded as the shocking example among the Australian Colonies, but all of them complain of the excessive cost of maintaining ornamental establishments in proportion to the population and finances. Mr. Morgan, the Queensland Premier, is however, anxious to reduce the salary of the Governor to something like £1,500, and in order that retrenchment may not be delayed Sir Herbert Chermside has resigned.

There was no reason why he should not have waited until the natural expiration of his term but for a commendable desire not to stand in the way of an economy which, in the interests of the State, he felt to be necessary. The other States are preparing to follow in this path of reform. The Governor of New South Wales receives a salary of £5,000 plus £700 towards the expenses of the Staff, but Mr. Carruthers, the new premier, has announced his intention to make a sweeping reduction, A year ago, the Victorian Assembly committed itself to a similar policy by a resolution requesting his Majesty the King to take into consideration the question of the appointment of State Governors after the expiration of the present Governor's term of office. Not only do the advocates of retrenchment object to the cost of the present arrangements, but they ask why the State "should be expected to provide through their Governors luxurious board and lodging, gratis, for aristocratic globe-trotters who ought to patronise local hotels" The Australians are nothing if not blunt, and they find they have little use for an "army of ornamental officials drawing high salaries for looking well on State occasions and enjoying holidays for half the year." There are some Colonials, of course, to whom the balls and parties of the Government House are as much the breath of their nostrils as they are to less democratic communities, but the weight of Australian opinion is in favour of abolishing the frills on the State machinery which are so expensive. After the State Governorships have been duly pruned to the level of Lieutenant-Governorships, a reform which is estimated to result in a total saving of £50,000 a year, something will be done in regard to the Agents-General. With the appointment of a High Commissioner for the Commonwealth in London, the States will not require any other representation than that by commercial agents who will rank with the Canadian Dominion and provincial representatives.

BRITISH TRADE IN CHINA.

BRITISH trading interests in China, according to Mr. H. E. Sly, the Acting British Consul at Chungking, are hardly likely to be improved by the existing system of British firms being represented by Chinese agents. In Chungking where nearly all British firms have Chinese for their agents, the words "foreign firm" are like a red rag to a bull. For this the Chinese agent, though not entirely, is mainly responsible; cloaked with the mantle of protection of the foreign "style" of his employer, armed with the trade rights of the treaties, and strengthened with the power to call to his aid, the threat of "reference to the Consul," which slips as easily from his tongue as water off a duck's back, he journeys into the interior to make his purchases, setting at nought established rule and custom, bent on squeezing out of every transaction as much as possible for himself, and stopping at nothing to crown his efforts with success. The Chinese agent, in short, except under compulsion, has no respect for official requirements, whether Chinese or foreign, and be they distasteful to him, takes a special delight in eluding them. In connection with the present policy of British firms, the commercial Attache to his Majesty's Legation holds that it is absolutely essential to the pushing and proper safeguarding of the interests of a British firm that its representative should be a British merchant, conversant with the dialect of the province in which his work may lie.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. Persia, with the outward Mails of the 25th ultimo, left Aden at 8 p.m. on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 6 a.m. on Friday next.

MR. W. SOREL in a De Dietrich motor car accomplished a record run from Poona to Bombay, yesterday covering the distance in 3 hours, 50 minutes.

THE Hon. Sir James Monteath, K. C. S. I., member of the Executive Council of his Excellency the Governor, arrived in Bombay yesterday. A salute of fifteen guns was fired from the Saluting Battery at 10-40 a.m. to announce the arrival.

THE goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 12th November 1904, shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1903 of 98,258 maunds and Rs. 19,129 in the earnings.

WE understand that Surdar Inayat Ulla Khan, son to the Amir of Afghanistan, arrives at Peshawar about the 20th instant. Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. Jennings, C.S.I., Resident of Jodhpur and Major R. A. E. Benn have been appointed as Mehmendar Officers with the Sirdar during his stay in India.

THE Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces will arrive in Bombay from Poona on the 8th inst. by the 18-50 train returning to Poona by the 14-30 train on Saturday the 10th idem. Arrival and departure private. Salutes of 15 guns will be fired from the Saluting Battery at 6 a.m. on the 9th. and at 2 p.m. on the 10th instant, to announce the arrival and departure, respectively, of the Lieut.-General Commanding.

NEWS received from Gyantse shows that everything is going smoothly there, and that the friendly attitude of the Tibetans remains unchanged. The telegraph line to Chumbi works well, and Captain O'Connor and the small garrison are kept in touch with the outer world by the receipt of Reuter's telegrams and regular postal-daks. The weather is described as perfect: bright, clear days with very little of the terrible wind which swept the Tuna plain unceasingly. The nights are cold, but not excessively so.

A SALUTE of 19 guns will be fired from the Saluting Battery at 12-15 p.m. (railway time) on Thursday, the 8th instant, to announce the arrival in Bombay of his Highness the Maharaja Sindhia of Gwalior. The Officer Commanding 113th Infantry will furnish a Guard of Honour—Strength 100 Rank and File, with a Subadar, two Jemadars, Band and Regimental Color at the Victoria Terminus at 12-5 p.m. (railway time) on the 8th instant to receive his Highness on his arrival. His Highness will be received with a General Salute, the band playing the first part of a slow march.

COUNT ALEXANDER VON HATZFELDT-TRACHENBERG, the second son of the former Governor of Silesia, is engaged, in Tokio, where he is Attache to the German Legation, to the only daughter of Viscount Aoki, formerly Japanese Minister in Berlin.

We are requested by the War Office to state that, as there will be about 30 additional vacancies at the Royal Military College in January next, the number of cadetships to be awarded to competitors at the entrance examination, which begins on Novr 29, will be increased to 100 (including two for the West India Regt.)

WHY are there times when everything goes wrong? Why are the children naughtier on some days than others? These questions, says the "World," can be answered in two words—the weather. Certain winds, certain elevations or depression of the barometer can make us angels or devils, can rouse our passions, soothe our savage breasts, excite unexpected truculence, or make us extremely pleasant.

THE approaching visit of the Shah of Persia has been officially announced to the Belgian Government. Muzaffer-ed-Din, a Brussels telegram states, will arrive at Ostend about the end of July next, and spend the whole of August there. Before returning to Teheran his Majesty will pay an official visit to the British Court and to President Loubet.

AMONG those who received the honour of knighthood on the King's Birthday was Dr. Shirley F. Murphy, the Medical Officer of the London County Council, who was at one time assistant director of the Local Government Board Vaccine Department, and has long been recognised as a profound expert in sanitation. He has been the chief of the County Council sanitary department for a considerable period and has rendered distinguished services in controlling and suppressing smallpox and other contagious diseases with in the Metropolitan area. Sir Shirley Murphy is married to a sister of Sir Seymour King, K.C.I.E., the Member for Central Hull.

THE King has appointed Capt. Hugh A. K. Gough to be his Majesty's Consul for the Provinces of Kermanshah, Malair, Hamadan, and Kurdistan to reside at Kermanshah; Lieut.-Col. Charles F. Minchin, D. S. O., to be his Majesty's Consul-General in Khorassan, to reside at Meshed; Capt. Archibald D. Macpherson to be his Majesty's Consul for the Districts of Seistan and Kain; Harold E. Satow, Esq., to be his Majesty's Vice-Consul at Useub; Grosvenor C. H. de J. Du Vallon, esq., to be his Majesty's Vice-Consul at Teheran; Lieut. Terence H. Keyes to be his Majesty's Vice-Consul for the Districts of Seistan and Kain; and Lieut. William H. I. Shakespear to be his Majesty's Consul for Bunder Abbas, with jurisdiction in the Shamilat Lingah and the Shibkoh ports, Minab, and the coast of Persia eastwards as far as Gwatter and in all the islands belonging to Persia in the eastern past of the Persian Gulf.

## NOTES FROM DRESDEN-CHINA.

### A REGAL SANDOW.

WINDSOR, Nov. 18.

WHITE HART Hotel! Yes; here I am, and the landlord seemed fairly well pleased when I arrived. As a matter of fact, I did not treat him as I did the publicans of Paris and Blackpool. I paid his bill—by, er, em, in short, a bankers' draft on you, and I hope you will not mind. It is at thirty days' sight—say six weeks from the date hereof. The White Hart is not a bad inn as inns go. But you will marvel that I am here, Well, the explanation is this:—You see; you may not personally be acquainted with the King of Portugal. If so, I apologise. Dom Carlos is nothing like so many of his amiable subjects who dwell in your vicinity. He is a large man; six feet high, 53 inches round the chest, 51 waist measurement, 36 round the calf. weighs 240 pounds. Carlos requires two large rooms, not one small one, as sufficed for his Majesty of Italy, just about this time last year. Accommodation at the Castle is limited, except in the great Tower, and I could scarcely be expected to put up with that, seeing that an ancestor of mine had been done to death there in the good old days when Edgar Atheling was King. "Prigmus," said our ever genial Sovereign, "Prigmus, old chap, I hope you won't mind, but I haven't a room for you in the Castle. Do you think you could put up with the White Hart for a few days?"

"Oh, I say"—I was exclaiming by way of protest, when his Majesty ejaculated with somewhat unnecessary solicitude:—

"Come over for your vitles and drink and see all the fun, of course!"

I consented with some show of grace, and as I said before, here I am.

The Portuguese Sovereign is an excellent trencherman and quite civilized. Different from Cetewayo, the King of Barootumdado or the Sultan of Sulu, he sits quite nicely at table, always puts his peas in a little blob on the back of his fork, never gets down until he has permission and has shaken the crumbs from his pinafore and wiped his fingers on the edge of the cloth. Not once did I hear him ask for more of anything.

But however interesting Carlos is at table, it is after dinner that he shines. To see him emulate Sandow is delightful. He smokes like a factory chimney, both indoors and out, asleep and awake—Superb Trichies, specially manufactured at Goa and annually exported thence to him in the first class battle-ship of 27 tons which probably is known to you in Bombay. But I digress. The King's feats of strength we were talking about, also his sleights of hand. Pheasants are plentiful at Windsor just now—furrin of a certainty, but pheasants. Well, send a couple of youngsters in bomb-proof jackets to set up a bevy of them. Dom Carlos takes up a Hotchkiss in one hand and a Nordenfelt in the other, then his cap, throws them into the air, and after juggling for three whole minutes, will bring down as many pheasants as would meet the demand of the West End game shops for at least five weeks. I must admit that the pheasants were well trained and would fly both high and low—or either—at will for the head keeper has wonderful hypnotic power over birds of all kinds. A game-keeper of this kind is invaluable and does his work so much more neatly than the one who feeds his birds on beer-soaked grain on the morning preceding a big shoot. As we walked through the fields, Dom Carlos continued to give us illustrations of his great physical strength, and whenever we came to a turnstile or a closed gate he would lift it bodily out of the ground and hold it up in the air, with the true politeness of the foreigner, until we had all passed through when he would gracefully force it back into it original position.

As my friend "Cygnus" has observed, I have never seen sportsmen who shot better, killed their birds in a more workmanlike manner, got on to them more rapidly or changed guns more quickly. Maskelyne and Cook could not have produced anything to equal it and my only regret was that the British soldier and blue-jacket have not the opportunity of a training at the hands of royalty in the use of warlike ironmongery.

Two queens, an ace and four knaves joined the two Kings at luncheon near Cranbourne Towers after the game of Aunt Sally with the pheasants was over, and to pass the time away one of the knaves told a story about the shooting of the disconsolate stag mentioned by the Psalmist. Don't mind telling you it was decided to put the blame on Prince Arthur of Connaught, he was not the culprit. Successively I charged the King, Dom Carlos, Prince Christian, the Duke of Argyle and each individual member of our own and the Portuguese royal family and each and every member of the two suites, but—"alone I did it, boy.' I had done a similar thing once before, having with one barrel bagged a bovine imbecile, a keeper, three dogs, an impecunious baronet and a sparrow. I was anxious to keep up the credit of the old country and reluctant to haul down the British flag even out of politeness to a royal visitor. However, I punched the youthful Connaught when the opportunity occurred and expect to receive the order of the Imperial Waistcoat Button as a reward.

Besides manipulating great weights, smoking great cheroots, and killing great bags, the Portuguese monarch can make good use of his tongue. Contrary to what my esteemed colleague says, however, he did not sign the Arbitration Treaty with his tongue, but with his teeth. That may pass. What I wish to place on record is that the King of England, the Prince of Wales, the German Emperor and very likely some other monarchs, in addition to myself, are expert and polyglot linguists. It is to the middle classes mainly that the reproach of inability to accept the gift of tongues attaches. Two current stories of the chestnut type go to prove this. Was it not my friend the Reigning Crown Prince of Saxewollenburger-dozziedorf, who coming out of his London Club, inquired of a costermonger where he had learnt the awful language he was making use of, and he replied "Learnt it! You don't learn it; it's a gift;" Or was it the Archbishop of Canterbury who, seeing a costermonger who had discovered his barrow had been carried off, enquired of the victim why he did not say something, and was amazed to hear the man reply in a voice sepulchrally hoarse: "Which the English language don't contain words!"

The Portuguese Queen, I may tell you, goes out of her way to be polite to those who please her, but as I always make it a point not to be polite to any foreigner (and to no Englishman unless his name is in the Peerage, or he happened to be at Eton or Oxford with me), her Majesty did not even rise when I entered the room, nor did she even offer to drink wine with me. "Chacun a son gout." She gave Pedro, the special cook at the Castle, a gold snuff box in acknowledgment of his masterly treatment of a bullymon and a mediæval ha'p-fowl and filled it with rappee as he never once asked for yellup.

There is a stupid story, started by a scurrilous journal, worthy of no credit in any circumstances whatever, a gutter and loathsome journal, whose business it is to make and disseminate news, that the Prince of Wales's health leaves much to be desired and that he took a sea trip on that account. Nothing could be more vulgar—either the illness or the cure. I know. His Royal Highness once had the honour of consulting me about it, and I at once replied "George, you're a humbug. There's nothing the matter with you, physically. Come over here and talk with me for an hour, six days a week instead of five, and you'll add mental strength to bodily." He came.

(Concluded on page 6.)

# BRITAIN AND RUSSIA.

## COAL FOR THE BALTIC FLEET.

## A PROHIBITION AT CARDIFF.

## THE DARDANELLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, DEC. 5.

The Foreign Office, late on Saturday night, instructed the authorities at Cardiff under the Foreign Enlistment Act to prohibit the German steamer commanded by Captain W. Menzell from coaling the Government having received proof that her previous cargo was delivered to the Baltic Squadron.

400 tons were already on board, when further shipment was stopped.

It is understood that the Government is investigating the case of other steamers which are loading.

The question of contraband is not involved and shipments to Russia and Japan are not affected.

Reuter (St. Petersburg) says it may be stated on the highest authority that the question of the passage of the Dardanelles has not been officially raised in any form, and the press campaign is in no wise inspired by the Foreign Office or the Admiralty.

LATER.

The "Standard's" St. Petersburg correspondent says that the well-known American warship broker, Mr. Flint, has left Moscow for Constantinople, it is believed, with the object of arranging to use the Turkish flag on the Argentine and Chilian warships for which Russia is reported to be negotiating.

## THE PRIZE COURT DECISIONS.

### A Corrected Account.

Yesterday's message regarding the Russian Prize Court should read as follows :—

The Supreme Prize Court of St. Petersburg has decided that the sinking of the Thea in July last was unjustified, The owners claim £39,000, but as no appeal has been made regarding the cargo, the Vladivastock judgment stands.

The Court also justified the seizure of the Arabia and upheld the Dodwell Company's appeal regarding the flour on board for Kobe which was seized, and confirmed the confisation of the rest of the cargo seeing that no appeals have been lodged.

## PERSIA AND RUSSIA.

### A Mission of Significance.

The Persian Ambassador at Constantinople has arrived at Moscow on a special mission to the Tsar, ostensibly to congratulate him on the birth of the Tsarevitch, but considerable political importance is attached to the visit by the Russian press.

## REFORM IN RUSSIA.

### The Movement Spreading.

### DEMONSTRATIVE STUDENTS.

LONDON, DEC. 4.

The reform movement in Russia is spreading.

Friday's meeting at St. Petersburg regarding the Press laws was interrupted by the students who clamoured for admission to the overfilled hall, insulted the Police and were eventually dispersed by mounted gendarmes.

## AMERICA AND NAVAL STRENGTH.

### Projected Great Increase.

The annual report of the Secretary of the Navy, published at Washington, recommends the formation of such a navy as no other Power will desire to engage, and the creation of two Vice-Admirals. It points out that, owing to the absence of a Vice-Admiral on the Asiatic station, the United States must yield the leadership in any combined movements to nations having Vice-Admirals, should a crisis arise.

## LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

### Excited Fluctuation in prices.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

The Cotton Market at Liverpool to-day opened excited and irregular with prices thirty to thirty-four points down, and subsequently went lower,

## ILLNESS OF THE DUCHESS AOSTA.

The Queen of Portugal is leaving London hurriedly for the bedside of the Duchess Aosta.

## THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, DECEMBER 4.

The P. and O. S. N. Co's., s.s. Persia with the English mails of the 25th ultimo, left for Bombay at 8 p m., to-day.

## MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Sir James Willcocks left Secunderabad for Nowshera on Sunday amid many demonstrations of popularity.

The batta allowance for the Somaliland campaign has been awarded with unusual promptitude. It will come as a sort of belated Christmas-box, for every soldier serving will receive his share on the last day of the present month, The officers' awards range from Lieutenant-General Sir Charles Egerton's £403-4s and the two Brigadiers Manning and Fasken's £91-4s each, down to £25-12s each for Majors.

## THE VICEROY'S CUP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 5.

The whole of the contingent for the Viceroy's Cup is now at work here except the favourite Great Scott which is still being eased. Acetine did the Cup distance in three minutes three seconds on Saturday.

## THE VICEROY'S GUESTS.

Amongst the guests at Government House, Calcutta, this winter, will be Mr. and the Hon Mrs. Norman McLean. Mr. McLean is a well-known Oxford coach who rowed in the same boat as Lord Ampthill.

## THE VICEROY IN CALCUTTA.

Lord Ampthill and staff and Lady Ampthill arrived here to-day, and were received with the usual ceremonies, the Lieutenant-Governor and other officials meeting their Excellencies upon the steps of Government House. The streets were lined with troops. The Calcutta Light Horse and the Presidency Volunteers provided the escort and guard-of-honour. The reception by the populace along the route was unusually cordial for Calcutta. The Viceregal children in their Lancer uniforms in the balcony exchanged formal salutes with their father as he drove up to Government House. His Excellency gives a formal dinner to Lord Curzon on the 12th, at which all the principal officials will be present as was done when Lord Ampthill himself took over charge at Simla. The ceremony of handing over the Viceroyalty will take place on the 13th on which day Lord Ampthill leaves for Madras.

## SIR EDWARD LAW'S SUCCESSOR.

An early announcement may be expected of the appointment of a Finance Member to succeed Sir Edward Law. The latter, who has been in very poor health for some time, resigned it is understood with effect from the 1st instant, but will most probably continue to carry on his duties until next month.

## CALCUTTA OPIUM SALES.

At to-day's sale two thousand chests of Behar and Benares opium found purchasers at an averaga price of Rs.1,545 each, the sale proceeds aggregating Rs. 61,83,675.

## TRANSPORT SANTHIA.

THE hired transport Santhia, Commander R. Phillips, arrived in harbour yesterday from Berbera, which port she left on the 25th November, with half company of 109th Infantry and details, and called at Karachi. She brought Government stores and the following details :—Lieut. A. W. B. Wallace, D. L. I, Lieut F C Bannatyne, P M I Lieut W. R J Scoggie, I, M. S. Sub conductor, W. Hoare, and Sergts, J Clements, Gregory. E Curtis, and C W Leedhorn, Mrs Leedhorn and child, 178 men rank and file R G A, and 4 men Suffolk Regiment, 38 horses, and 1 mule.

## A CONGRESS MEETING AT SHOLAPUR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

SHOLAPUR, DEC. 4.

A crowded meeting was held in Mangalwar Peth to elect delegates to the Congress. Mr. Hirachand Ramchandra Gandhi, a leading merchant, presided. Dr. Ranade and Mr. Samant explained the objects of the Congress and Exhibition. Rao Saheb Warad, in a most impressive speech, explained the usefulness of the Congress, the nature of the national work, how patience and perseverence is required, and exhorted the audience to take full advantage of the Exhibition. After the Congress, delegates were elected, the meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman and the speakers. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

## PLAGUE INSPECTION.

THE Government of Bombay have had under consideration the question of the abolition of medical inspection of all persons on out-going ships not coming within the provisions of the Venice Sanitary Convention and have published the following resolution.

After carefully considering the question whether the medical inspection of all persons on out-going ships not coming within the provisions of the Venice Sanitary Convention should be abandoned, his Excellency the Governor in Council has come to the conclusion that the inspection should be maintained for the present. The Districts of Kolaba, Ratnagiri and Kanara, which are not readily accessible by railway, are a special area to which it is possible to give some protection from plague infection from Bombay. It appears reasonable to presume that the comparative immunity of the ports in those districts, at a time when the rest of the Presidency is subject to outbreaks of the epidemic, is due, if not mainly at least partially, to the measures which have been adopted. The rise of the plague mortality in the Kolaba District since 1901, in which year medical inspection on the harbour ferry boats was abolished in response to popular representations, is at least noticeable. The Governor in Council considers that it would be unwise to imperil the present immunity of the ports in Ratnagiri and Kanara Districts, and he cannot therefore consent to the abolition of the medical inspection which is now held of passengers on vessels sailing from Bombay to South Konkan ports, to ports in Sind and to those in other Presidencies."

The Collector of Kolaba should be requested to report how far he considers the rise of the plague mortality in the Kolaba District due to the orders in Government Notification No. 3963-P., dated the 30th September 1901.

IN an article on the training of clerks articled to become solicitors, the "Law Magazine" points out that, while they are still raw boys and quite ignorant of law, they are sent to attend quarter sessions and assizes, as well as county courts and police courts, ostensibly for the purpose of gaining knowledge and experience in advocacy. The consequence is, they hang about the corridors and congregate in shady places in the vicinity of the courts, frequently forming associations of a very undesirable character, and only listen to the worst class of cases. A better system for corrupting boys could hardly be devised than that of constant association with the sordid details of our criminal courts.

## NEWS IN ADVANCE OF THE MAIL.

### THE RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR.

### MALINGERING RUSSIAN OFFICERS.

THE Tokio correspondent of the "Berliner Tagblatt" states that the slow progress of the Japanese bombardment of the north front of Port Arthur is attributed to the superiority of the Russians' 28 and 30 centimetre naval guns, which have lately been conveyed to the forts.

General Kuropatkin has asked a large number of officers to join his bodyguard.

Two hundred Russian reserve officers, who were summoned for service, pleaded exemption, on the ground of sickness, but, on being examined, they were found fit, and were compelled to serve.

The masses of the people hope that some big battle will end hostilities, and scarcely care who wins.

### TROUBLE IN HUNGARY'S PARLIAMENT.

### BOOKS AND INKPOTS AS MISSILES.

London, Nov. 19.—Count Stephen Tisza, the Premier of Hungary, yesterday carried a "guillotine" motion in the Chamber of Deputies to prevent the obstruction of business. A violent scene thereupon ensued, the members of the Opposition hurling books and inkpots at Count Csaky de Koroszegh and Adorjan, the President of the Chamber.

### PASSIVE RESISTERS DISFRANCHISED.

London, Nov. 19.—The King's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice has upheld the action of the barristers at the revision courts in disqualifying passive resisters from both Parliamentary and Municipal votes.

### FATAL GAS EXPLOSION.

### A GREAT FIRE AVERTED.

London, November 19.—Twenty-two gas tanks used for lighting railroad cars exploded at the people's Gas Company's premises yesterday at Chicago, U. S. A. Eighteen persons were killed. A coal pile was fired by the explosion, and threatened the huge gasometers. The waste pipes, however, were thereupon opened, and the gas escaped without igniting.

### ANARCHIST OUTRAGE.

### EXPLOSION AT BARCELONA.

London Nov. 19.—An anarchist outrage is reported from Barcelona, in Spain. Two individuals visited the residence of the Mayor and handed a basket to the hall porter. The latter seeing smoke issuing from the basket, threw the package into the street, which was crowded at the time. An explosion followed, and 21 persons were injured, ten of them seriously. No arrests have been made.

### A BLOCKADE RUNNER STRIKES A MINE.

Sydney, 20th Nov—Some interesting particular have been received from Newcastle in regard to the voyage of the steamer Tiberi Tiberius, of Hamburg, which left in May last, and ran the blockade of Vladivestok. These are supplied by W. Rains, the Engineer, who was the only Englishman on board, the others being Germans. The Tiberi Tiberius loaded 6,500 tons of coal at Newcastle, and cleared for Isington, the German Naval Depot of Kiaockon. On the 29th May the steamer put in at Guam, and fresh orders were received to take the ship to Olga Bay, a Siberian port north of Vladivostok. The Tiberi Tiberius stopped one mile and a half out, and received a signal telling her not to enter, as it was dangerous. A turn had just been taken out of the engines when the steamer struck a Japanese mine, and a terrific explossin took place. The water rose to a height of 60ft., and descended on the vessel, while portion of the mine rivets from the well and coal from the hold were thrown on deck. The boats were lowered, and signals hoisted for assistance. A pinnance came out and the Tiberi Tibernis was ordered to follow in its wake into the harbour. The engines were put full speed and the ship run on the beach. A hele 30ft. by 18ft. was torn in the hull by the explosion. The Russian Government purchathe ship and cargo, and the crew were sent over the trans-Siberian railway to Hamburg.

## THE GOVERNOR'S TOUR IN SIND.

The following is the programme of His Excellency the Governor's forthcoming Tour in Sind :—December 12th—Monday, leave Grant Road, 9-25 p m, departure private. December 13th—Tuesday, arrive Ahmedabad 6-40 a m, leave Ahmedabad 8-13 a m, arrive Mehsana 9-50 a m, leave Mehsana 10-32 a m, arrive Pindwara 2-6 p m, leave Pindwara 2-46 p. m, arrive Marwar Junction 5-30 p. m, leave Marwar Junction 5-35 p m, arrive Dundara 8 p m, leave Dundara 9 p m. December 14th—Wednesday, arrive Mirpur Khas 9-17 a m, leave Mirpur Khas 10-2 a m, arrive Hyderabad 12 Noon, leave Hyderabad 12-31 pm, arrive Jhimpir 1-48 pm, leave Jhimpir 2-32 p m. arrive Karachi Cantt. 5 9 p m, arrival public. Decembe, 15th.—Thursday, 16th Friday, 17th Saturday, and 18th Sunday, Stop. December 19th.—Monday, leave Karachi, 7-31 a. m, Departure Private, arrive Hyderabad, 11-55 a. m., arrival public, 20th Tuesday and 21st Wednesday, Stop. December, 22nd.—Thursday, leave for Umarkot 10-30 a. m., arrive Dhoro Naro 1-45 p. m., leave Dhoro Naro for Camp 3-0 p. m., arrive Governor's Camp (15 miles) 5-30 p. m., December 23rd—Friday, 24th Saturday, 25th Sunday, 26th Monday, 27th Tuesday and 28th Wednesday, stop H. E's Camp. Leave Umarkot for Dhoro Naro 3 p m, leave Dhoro Naro for Khairpur, via Hyderabad 5 p m, 29th Thursday, arrive Khairpur 5-40 a m, 30th Friday and 31st Saturday, stop. January 1st—Sunday, leave Khairpur for Nandero 5-4 a m, arrive Nandero 9 a m, leave for Larkana (12 miles) Commissioner's Camp 5 p m, arrive Camp 6 p m, January 2nd Monday, stop, 3rd Tuesday, leave Larkana 6-4 a m, arrive Sukkur 7-50 a m, arrival public, 4th Wednesday, stop. 5th Thursday, leave for Shikarpur 8-22 a m. arrive Shikarpur 9-31 a. m, leave Shikarpur, 11-54 p. m., 6th Friday, arrive Quetta, 12-40 arrival public, 7th Saturday, 8th Sunday, 9th Monday, 10th Tuesday, Stop. 11th Wednesday, leave Quetta, 3-21 p. m., 12th Thursday, arrive Jacobabad, 1-21 a. m., arrival public, 13th Friday, 14th Saturday, Stop. January, 15th—Sunday, leave Jacobabad 0-42 a. m., arrive Hyderabad, 11-0 a. m., leave Hyderabad, 4-30 p. m, arrive, Dhoro Naro, 7-57 p. m., leave Dhoro Naro 8-57 p. m. December, 16th—Monday arrive Marwar Junction, 9-50 a. m., leave Marwar Junction, 10-45 a m, arrive Pindwara, 1-30 p. m., leave Pindwara, 2-15 p. m., arrive Sabarmati, 7-45 p. m., leave Sabarmati, 8-45 p. m., arrive Ahmedabad, 9-0 p, m., leave Ahmedabad, 9-50 p, m,, January 17th— Tuesday, arrive Goregaon, 7-0 a, m,, leave Goregaon, 7-30 arrive Charni Road, 8-0 a, m., arrival public.

His Excellency's Party will consist of his Excellency the Governor, Hes Excellency Lady Lamington, Lieut.-Colonel. R Owen, Military Secretary, J H DuBoulay, Esquire, I C S, Private Secretary, Major M T Yarr, R A M C., Medical Officer, Captain J G Greig, A D C, Captain the Honeurable G, Foljambe, A D C, and Risaldar Bahadur Sheik Abdul Hamid, N. A. D. C.

## UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION RESULT.

### B. Sc. EXAMINATION.

The result of the B. Sc. Examination of the Bombay University were announced yesterday. The following candidates have passed.

Second Class—Darashah Beramjee Darabsett, Himatlal Chhotalal Desai, Hasmanrem Karpourrum Metha, Madhav Jagannath Patankar, and Raghunath Vishnu Pendharkar.

Pass Class—Vasudev Govind Gurjar.

## NATIVE CHIEFS IN BOMBAY.

### H. H. THE RAO OF CUTCH.

THE Grand Road station of the B. B. and C. I. Railway and its vicinity were the scene of much bustle and animation yesterday morning in connection with the arrival of H. H. Maharao Mirza Shree Khengarjee Savai Bahadur, G. C. I. E., of Kutch. Hundreds of Kutchi residents of this city, with the devotion and affectionate regard for their Chief, which is a distinguishing feature in their character, hastened from early morning, on foot and in carriages, in the direction of the Railway station, where a guard of honour of 50 men of the 113th Infantry was drawn up under a native officer, while half a dozen sowars of H. E. the Governor's Body Guard paraded opposite to the porchway of the Railway station. The station platform was crowded to its utmost capacity ; and the Railway police had a busy time of it in preserving order and the means of locomotion in the dense mass of visitors. Among others present were Mr. Keshavlal Jootha, late Vahivatdar of Bhownagar, Messrs. Oosman Jamal, Parshottam Rai Sunderjee Zala, late Naib Dewan at Junaghad, Mansukhram Surajram Tripathi, agent of the Kutch State, Kamaria Ismailbhai Kusmani, Dharamsey Morarjee Gokaldas ; Shewjee Nathu, Tansukhram M. Tripathi. Framroz Cursetjee Golwalla, Maganlal Dalpatram Khakhar, Naranji Dwarkadas, Casamali Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy, and Hajibhoy Lalljee, Aga Shah Rookshah and Kamaria Ismailbhoy Kusmani were present as representing his Highness the Aga Khan, who had sent his State carriage, drawn by four horses, to take the Maharao from the station to the bungalow of Mr. Fazalbhoy Jumabhoy Laljee, where he puts up temporarily.

His Highness was accompanied by Prince Madhubs, the heir apparent, Prince Kaluba, C.I.E., Prince Manuba, second son, Colonel Abud, Political Agent, Mr. Chunilal Sarabhai, Dewan, Mr. Chhotalal Sevakram, Private Secretary, and Dr. Damania, medical officer. Mr. Runchodbhai Odeyram, retired Dewan, joined his Highness's train at Nadiad. The train whistled into the Grant Road Station at 6-45 a.m., and when it had stopped, a large number of those present rushed up to His Highness's carriage with bouquets and garlands of flowers that would have filled np many a railway waggon. The crush was intense ; but those who considered it a duty to themselves to make the floral presentations to their beloved Chief were not sorry for it. A salute of seventeen guns was fired in connection with the Maharao's arrival. As his Highness got into the State carriage, the guard of honour presented arms, and the party were escorted by the sowars of the Body Guard to Mr. Fazalbhoy Jumabhoy's bungalow.

### H. H. THE MAHARAO OF BUNDI KOTAH.

His Highness Maharao Umaid Singji Bahadur, G.C.I.E., of Bundi Kotah (Central India) arrived in Bombay at noon yesterday, from his capital by the Punjab mail and alighted at the Victoria Terminus, where his Highness was received with all honours due to his rank. His Highness was accompanied by Major A. D. Bannerman, Political Officer ; Rao Bahadur Chobbe Raghoonathdas, Prime Minister ; Moonshi Shivpratab, Private Secretary, and Kumar Oukarsing, the Sirdar of Palaita. A large number of followers has also arrived in Bombay to attend on his Highness. As the arrival was public, a guard-of-honour consisting of fifty Rank and file belonging to the 13th Bombay Native Infantry was drawn up on the platform under a native officer in honour of his Highness, while a Government deputation consisting of Mr. E. Gray, I.C.S., Collector of Bombay and Captain Bayford, Aide-de-Camp to the Governor, attended to receive the Maharao on behalf of the Bombay Government. His Highness the Rao of Cutch, who is the father-in-law of the Maharao of Kotah, was present at the station with his two sons Prince Madhowba, heir-apparent and Prince Manooba to meet his son-in-law on arrival. Amongst others present were : Prince Kaluba, C I E, of Cutch ; Mr Chunilal Sarabhoy, Dewan of Cutch, Mr Chotalal Shevakram, Private Secretary to the Rao of Cutch, Mr. Tansookhram Mansookhram, Mr. Shivji Nathoo and Moonshi Prabhoo Narayen, Karbhari of Kotah durbar, who had preceded his Highness to make arrangements in Bombay. On alighting from the train his Highness was introduced by Major Bannerman to the members of the Government deputation with whom he shook hands. The guard-of-honour presented arms. The Maharao next greeted the Rao of Cutch and the two Princes and his brother Prince Kaluba. His Highness was garlanded with floral wreaths and presented with bouquets. He then with Major Bannerman, Mr. Gray and Captain Bayford went round and inspected the guard-of-honour, and thereafter with Mr. Gray drove in a Government House carriage-and-pair to his temporary residence at Waudby Road, being escorted en route by a detachment of the Governor's Body-Guard. A salute of seventeen guns was fired from the Saluting Battery at noon to announce the arrival of the Maharao.

### H. H. THE MAHARAO OF SIROHI.

YESTERDAY at noon, his Highness Maharaja Kesarisingjee Bahadur, of Sirohi, paid a visit to his Excellency the Governor at the Secretariat. A guard of honour of 50 native soldiers, under a native officer, paraded at the Secretariat, and presented arms on the arrival and departure of his Higness. The Council Hall at the Secretariat was specially prepared for the occasion. In the absence of the Political Agent, Rajputana, Mr Mirza Abbas Ali Baig, Oriental Translator to Government, was deputed to act as Political Agent with his Highness, who drove up to the Secretariat in a carriage drawn by four horses. He was received at the entrance under the porchway by Mr. P E Percival, Under-Secretary to Government, Political Department, and near the entrance to the Council Hall by Mr. Claude Hill Secretary to Government, Political Department. He was received at the edge of the carpet by his Excellency the Governor, who was accompanied by Colonel Richard Owen, Military Secretary, Captain Greig, and other Aides-de-Camp, and was escorted to a sofa. His Highness was accompanied by his heir apparent, Maharaja Kumar Roopsingjee, Dewan Moulvi Saheb Noormahomedjee, Sabu Surat Chunderjee, Private Secretary, Thakore Kalandri Pratirajjee, and Poonamchandjee, State Vakil. After a brief conversation, the heir apparent and the Sirdars were presented to his Excellency by Mr. Mirza Abbas Ali Baig. They offered nazzars, which were touched and remitted. The proceedings terminated with the distribution of pan and attar. Salutes of fifteen guns were fired at the arrival and departure of the Maharaja.

## TRAGEDY IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.

### MISSIONARY'S WIFE AND CHILD POISONED.

### A COOK'S CRIME.

NEWS of a horrible poisoning case reaches us, says the "Pioneer," from Burhanpur in the Nimar district of the Central Provinces. Though a large native town, Burhanpur has no official residents, and the only Europeans there are a few missionaries. It was in the household of one of these, Dr. Benjamin of the American Episcopalian Mission, that the tragedy occurred. It appears that on the 1st December this gentleman was away visiting an outlying village when news was brought to him that his family had been seized with sudden illness. He returned to find his wife and one boy dead, and his two other sons in a critical state. They had been seized with violent illness immediately after taking their morning tea, and no skilled help being available apparently, the unfortunate lady and her child expired in great agony. The cook, who had prepared the meal, on being arrested confessed that he had mixed arsenic with the tea, but he alleges that he was induced to do so by one of the Mission employes, a native who assisted Dr. Benjamin, as schoolmaster and compounder. This man is said to have been reprimanded by Dr. Benjamin, and the idea is that this rankled in his mind and induced him to contrive the crime, choosing a time when no help was likely to be forthe coming for the innocent victims. Fortunately he, too, is in hands of the police, so that the whole truth will probably come out in due course.

## THE DELHI-BOMBAY MOTOR TRIALS.

The long list of prizes, which the Committee of the Motor Union of Western India, have got together has been supplemented by a further trophy. His Highness the Nawab of Rampur, who recently paid a lengthened visit to Bombay, decided before his departure to assist the enterprise. The Nawab's prize is to be given to the car which, in the opinion of the Judges, combines in the most satisfactory manner the following points :—

Absence of noise ; absence of vibration, and ease of manipulation. It will be readily admitted that these features go a long way to providing the most satisfactory car. Thirty-five entries have been received for the trials, the smallest car being 3 1/2 horse power, and the largest 30.

## INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

### HYDERABAD (DECCAN) COTTON.

THE first forecast of the cotton crop of 1904-05 in the Nizam's Territory (by the Revenue Secretary to His Highness's Government) is as follows :—

The total area sown with cotton this season is returned at 2,623,871 acres which is 19 893 acres, or 0·75 per cent. less than the revised area of the previous year, namely, 2,643,709 acres. The details of diwani and non-diwani areas are as follows :

| | Diwani acres | Non-diwani acres | Total acres |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1903-04 ... ... .. | 2,173,234 | 451,875 | 2,648,709 |
| 1904-05 ... ... ... | 2,215,638 | 413,233 | 2,628,871 |
| Difference... ... | +21,744 | —41,642 | —19,898 |
| Percentage of difference... | + 0·99 | — 9·15 | — 0·75 |

The outturn of the current year is estimated at 68 per cent of the normal, as against 61 per cent last year, which represents an increase of 11 per cent. The better estimate of outturn of the cotton crop is due to the rains that fell in the latter part of the monsoon having been favourable. Cotton in these dominions is chiefly a kharif crop, the area under kharif cotton during the year under report being 1,930,900 acres, while rabi cotton sowings were confined to 697,971 acres, the districts of Raichur and Lingsugur contributing a large area of 248,557 and 381,946 acres respectively. The Aurangabad division with a total area of 1,558,855 acres under cotton crop is expected to yield an outturn of 69 per cent. as against 71 per cent. in the Gulbarga division returning only 701,360 acres or less than half the area sown in the Aurangabad division. The decrease in outturn is due to failure of rains in the early part of the monsoon in the Aurangabad divison. The rains in the Bidar division were more favourable as a small area of 23 5,753 acres is expected to yield an outturn of 55 per cent. of the normal. The district of Mahbubnagar shows the largest percentage of outturn, namely, 97, while Elgandal shows the smallest figure of 32 per cent. The districts of Aurangabad Parbhani, and Nander in the Aurangabad division show increases in the area sown, while the district of Bir only shows a decrease of 77,980 acres due to the holding off of rains in the early part of the monsoon. The Usmanabad district in the Gulbarga division shows the largest decrease of 101,137 acres for which no reasons have been assigned by the Talukdar. Taking the total area of the Mahratwara comprising the Aurangabad and Gulbarga divisions and one district of the Bidar division, namely, the Bidar district, it is seen to have decreased from 2,482,559 acres to 2,404,155 acres, that is by 18,404 acres, or by 0·74 per cent. The remaining seven districts (comprising the Telingana division show a small decrease in the total area, namely, 616 acres, and do not therefore call for any remarks.

## VANDALISM : CHINAMAN'S PROTEST.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have read with growing concern the constant reports of archæological discoveries and the desecration of the ancient pyramids, temples, &c., in Egypt, the Euphrates Valley, ancient Greece and Italy, and the wholesale removal of works of Art, sepulchral remains and relics, &c., to swell the collections of the Museums of Europe and America. These acts of vandalism should henceforth be suppressed, and I appeal to every Historian, Bibliologist, Archæologist and Egyptologist to advocate that the plundering and destruction of these ancient monuments and historical remains should immediately cease. An International Society should be founded for the protection of all ancient monuments and relics of civilization, no matter in what country they may be discovered, and none of the relics should be removed from the country to which they belong. All the important and valuable works of art and relics which are at present exhibited in the museums of Europe and America should be restored to the countries from which they have been taken, and be stored, catalogued, and protected in special buildings to be erected for their reception in accordance with the laws of this Society. If this is not done, these priceless relics of ancient civilization and incontestible proofs of the history of mankind and the civilization of the world will, in the course of time, be either burnt, lost or destroyed. They would then be beyond recovery, and what a loss this would be to the World. Thousands of years hence, History which is now uncontrovertable and proved beyond a doubt, would be regarded as a myth. If the different museums of the world should require any particular relic, it is possible to get replicas made in metal, stone or plaster, and if this be impossible photography can be resorted to. Thus will the monuments and remains of ancient Civilization be preserved in their entirety and be saved from loss and destruction. Although certain nations are "dead," yet the graves and corpses of these peoples should be respected and protected from the desecration of enthusiastic savants and archæologists. It is a shame to open these ancient sepulchres and distribute their contents amongst the different museums of the World. Would the people of modern Europe and America relish the idea of their sacred edifices and tombs being plundered and robbed of their contents at any time in the distant future? This morbid craving for archæological collections is contrary to the high ideals of civilization, and should be checked before it is too late. In order to add to our knowledge of the Earth and its history, archæological excavations should be encouraged throughout the World, but the relics which are brought to light should not, on any account, be removed. They should be treasured in a building to be built on the spot. If, however, it be unsafe to keep them on the spot, then they may be temporarily removed to a place of safe keeping, and kept there under International control till it is safe to restore them to the place of their origin. I trust this letter may lead to an International movement for the protection and preservation of the World's monuments and relics of civilization.—Yours, &c.

TSE TSAN TAI.

Hong-kong,

## ALIGARH INSTITUTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—After prolonged deliberations, it has been decided to open a Ladies' Arts Exhibition, to be called Khatija Exhibition, in connection with the, Female Education Section of the N. A. O. E. Conference during the forthcoming Sessions of the Conference at Lucknow, in December next. Our enquiries into the actual state of arts and industries in the Indian Zenana and into the difficulty of getting over certain social prejudices have led us to start with a very modest programme and to be content with not a wide range of exhibits. In the October number of the "Khatoon," there is a list of articles given on page 47 and here we may state them briefly as. Caligraphy, drawing, painting, pieces of embroidery all sorts of needle and knitting work, and also all new designs and cuts of the Zenana dress. The prizes announced, all exhibits shall be returned except such sold on the express wish of the sender. All transic charges to and from Aligarh shall be paid by the undersigned, but no article will be put in as an exhibit if sent in after the 10th of December. It is hoped that the Mussalman public of India will take up the proposal with an enthusiasm that will make the movement a success.—Yours, &c.,

SHEIKH ABDULLAH, B. A., L. L. B.
Secretary Female Education Section

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

### Stock and Share Markets.

### COTTON TRADE TOPICS.

### THE COCOANUT OIL INDUSTRY.

LONDON, Nov. 18.

THE Stock Exchange promptly responded to Lord Lansdowne's clear call to peace last week, business moving merrily and prices advancing all along the line. Consols advanced to 88 half at one time, the maximum anticipated for them, and other gilt-edged securities were equally well-supported. With the renewal of business on Monday a less buoyant feeling was in evidence under the influence of a crop of vague rumours and Treasury requirements, so that Consols lost much of their earlier gains. With the monetary prospects as we have described, there is little use in looking for an increase in the price of the premier security, certainly not until money attains a more normal position. Home Rails have been well maintained on the whole, and the position is such that a careful selection of a few leading stocks at the present time, with nearly five months dividends accrued, could be made to prove a very good and, at the same time, a very safe transaction. Some special transactions in Hull and Barnsley on amalgamation rumours have caused quite a sharp rise in this Cinderella of the Home Railway market. Great Central prior securities have also been supported, the revival in the Lancashire trade having materially assisted its goods receipts. Lancashire and Yorkshire are well supported from the same cause. The traffic deficiencies to date of the Midland and North Western are still serious enough to threaten the current half year's dividends. One thing they unfailingly do and that is represent the true state of the Home trade far more effectively than any statistics issued by the Board of Trade. Both the North-Western and Midland are so fully representative of the internal commerce of the country, penetrating as they do into the very heart of our industrial centres, that the receipts for goods traffic is the epitome of the trade of the country.

The pronounced majority in favour of President Roosevelt confirmed the Wall Street view of the position and, there was no marked impression on prices. In the various speculative transactions of the week, steel stocks have again been in the fore front. Should this buoyancy prove to be justified by reason of the reported great increase in the Syndicate's orders at profitable prices, there is every possibility of still further advances of a permanent character. Other branches of trade are spoken of favourably. The cotton crop has fulfilled all expectations and a very clear course presents itself in the American Railway market. Nevertheless it is so manipulative that anything may happen, and not the least insignificant statement just sent over is that the professional element which engineered the rise is now liquidating, while the public is absorbing the stocks at the higher prices.

South Africans have been less active during the last day or two under the influences of monetary requirements, but the undertone of the market is good. But the Transvaal has a mission to fulfil, and seems to recognise it. The world's shortage of gold is serious, and it is South Africa's mission to make good the deficiency as quickly as possible. What the banket discovery may lead to, nobody knows, and it is impossible to judge by mere market dealings in the shares, which is the irritating part. What the world wants to know is this, is the Rhodesian discovery what it is represented, to be? The Chartered Company no doubt will not lose time in making public the true position, and if they can substantiate the statements that have been made then the prospects for an increased supply of gold in the commerce of the world will be very materially advanced and the outlook for Rhodesia greatly improved.

The movement of American cotton is not just now carrying all before it, and those who are disposed to the bull view of the situation have naturally made the most of the smaller receipts. Messrs. Eisenhauer and Co., of New Orleans, say that close observers are now retreating from ... estimates as 11 1-2 ... such ... everybody has been received by the whiteness of the fields, which does not, it appears, mean a lot of cotton, but only that it has all opened at the same time. The crop, it is suggested, has burst out all at once, has been rapidly gathered, and now, in place of the plenty that we had all begun to anticipate, there may probably be "another calamity for the spinning world." Fortunately, say Messrs. Eisenhauer—and this evidence of a witness that cannot be considered too friendly to the crop is valuable,—"the spinning quality is excellent, which should partly make up for the lacking quantity." Again, it is said that at the time of writing (November 5) "the interior is choked with cotton everywhere," so that "on every little advance the market is immediately flooded with offerings." Some observers still believe in a crop of two million bales over that of last season.

We learn from the report of a textile machinist who has lately visited the United States that the Draper Company (the makers of the Northrop loom) are now experimenting with a new vertical hopper arranged to carry 80 weft bobbins and capable of being filled in about two minutes. They have also a new mechanism called the "Roper Head" for steel loom harness, which does away with all treadles and tappets under the loom and can be altered from a plain weave to a two, three, four, or five shaft weave in a very short time. A somewhat similar motion, patented by a Canadian mill manager and adaptable to either steel or cotton harness, has also been acquired by the Draper Company. Another novelty is a simple appliance for winding off the waste from Northrop bobbins. Most of the looms now being built by the Draper Company have the double-fork motion, with which it is claimed that printcloth can be woven without a thick or a thin place. Where mispicks do not matter very much the double-fork motion is considered preferable to the single-fork or the "feeler" motion, and very few feelers are now being made at Hopedale.

The scheme to erect new oil mills at Liverpool specially designed to deal with nuts and copra is well worthy of attention. It is a curious fact that while British enterprise is well to the fore in oil-seed crushing, it has been conspicuously lacking in dealing with copra and nuts, the result being that this trade has fallen into the hands of the Germans to a very large extent. The imports of cocoanut or copra oil average 2,500 tons per month for the present year, and were still greater in 1903. In other words, the quantity of cocoanut oil required in this country is equal to our total exports of all kinds of seed oils, including cotton oil. This fact gives the outsider some idea of the importance of the trade and of the opportunity we may have missed by neglecting its development. Of course, it is only recently that cocoanut oil has assumed such importance, but it seems reasonable to suppose that oil crushers here might have anticipated things a little if they had kept their eyes wide open. The same thing might be said about arachide or nut oil, the manufacturing trade in which has settled largely at Marseilles.

The clearances of silk at the Lyons Conditioning-house during the week ended November 9 amounted to 194,262 kilos, as compared with 124,664 kilos in the preceding week and 116,206 kilos in the corresponding week of last year. Appended is the detailed comparison :—

| Week ended Nov. 9. | Thrown. Organsins. Kilos. | Thrown. Trams. Kilos. | Raws. Kilos. | Total. Kilos. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1904 ..... | 23,037 | 25,803 | 145,417 | 194,262 |
| 1903 ..... | 19,479 | 19,189 | 77,538 | 116,206 |
| 1902 ..... | 17,538 | 18,849 | 73,551 | 09,961 |
| 1901 ..... | 22,259 | 14,758 | 84,423 | 121,434 |
| 1900 ..... | 13,671 | 15,919 | 63,983 | 93,573 |
| 1899 ..... | 23,712 | 19,813 | 124,148 | 14,673 |

Though there is still considerable activity in the Lyons market, it appears that the most pressing wants of consumers have been satisfied during the last month, which has been characterised by a regular and continuous demand. This demand has had the natural effect of improving prices

without bringing any inconvenient check to business. Prices now are steady or firm in all departments. Despite the prolonged stagnation that preceded the period of activity, stocks are now greatly depleted. The Asiatic markets for raw silke, like those for manufactured goods in Europe and the Levant, though they are rather quieter than they were, continue to do a fair business in some kinds.

The existence of the old German thaler appears to be seriously threatened. This legal tender silver coin, of the value of three marks, is interesting as forming a link between the old bimetallic dispensation and the present decimal coinage with a gold standard. The recent decision of the Reichstag to issue a further number of these coins has revived the animated controversy which from time to time has waged around the continued use of the thaler. Owing to the action of the Government an overwhelming majority of the German chambers of commerce have passed resolutions in favour of the thaler's total withdrawal. It is argued that this coin was only included in the present system as a temporary expedient, and that it only contains 1'25 mark's worth of silver. Whether from this cause or another the thaler cannot be kept in circulation, and the coins invariably find their way back to the vaults of the Imperial Bank. The German currency generally seems to give little satisfaction. There is a dearth of gold 10 mark pieces and of silver 2 mark and 50-pfennig pieces, the first two being largely used in the payment of workmen's wages. The heavy silver 5 mark pieces are very unpopular, but of course there is the gold 5 mark piece or halbkrone for those who prefer the risk of losing a minute gold coin to the discomfort of carrying a large silver one.

## NOTES FROM DRESDEN-CHINA.

(Conclueded from page 4,)

The King is not quite so well as he might be, but there is nothing of either pure or impure vulgarity in that. His Majesty has a perfect right to be ill or well as he chooses, and no doubt does. I have thought so, several times, and also thought it my duty, to say so. But the King invariably replies. "Go to, thou ancient Donderfonk," (the only German expression his Majesty now makes use of). I left his presence the last time somewhat huffily and went out to say good bye to Lord Curzon who leaves for India next week. I gave him a few hints as to the course of procedure I would have him follow during the remainder of his time in India, then drove off post-haste to fetch a nurse and a doctor. Post-haste, as you may know, is a good eight miles an hour, and as I made this in a motor car, you will not be surprised to hear that the doctor was thrown out broke an arm, the chauffeur a leg, the nurse a wing and two spare ribs, whilst I was badly damaged in the sirloin and brisket. The speed of motor cars has its drawbacks. All the same, I am going to Paris to the great automobile Show next week (at your expense.)

Next among the jotted notes on my tablets for this letter, come two items, I cannot for the life of me decipher. B'lieve I made them directly after the State banquet at the Guildhall. Was it there or on Cranbourne Towers or after dinner at Blenheim or an afternoon at Londonderry House, or tea at the Duchess of Diddlemere's? I forget. But doubtless you know all about what I was going to say already If I told you, it is probable that some rival would contradict it out of pure jealousy Journalists are such a strange race. It is hard to believe they are our fellow-creatures And so long as I have filled my space, what on earth does it matter?

PRIGMUS.

## RUSSIAN OFFICERS.

One of the reasons given for the failure of the Russian Infantry to hold their own in the present war is the inefficiency of the regimental officers. In an army which mobilises three millions strong on a full war footing, with another 700 000 men in the "Opolschenie," or last reserve of all, the difficulty in maintaining an adequate supply of efficient officers must be enormous. Promotion from the non-commissioned ranks has of necessity to be largely resorted to, and the result is that thousands of officers are of a poor stamp. Many of these cannot even command the respect of their men in peacetime, and they are consequently not followed with any confidence in action. There are free Cadet Corps schools foryouths who get their commissions direct, and these furnish a fairly good class of officer, though their moral standard is low. An Imperial Cadet Corps also has been in existence forsome years, and in 1903 a further step was taken which may improve the general quality of the officers in course of time: Cadet schools were established for boys of noble birth but inadequate means. The scholars enter these from 11 to 13 1-2 years of age, their parents paying the small sum of 60 roubles annually for their education The pick of the students are allowed eventually to pass into the Imperial Cadet Corps which is a very select body. The idea is an excellent one, and is similar to that which obtains in the English Navy, where boys are "caught" young and are throughly well-grounded in their future profession. These new Cadet schools, if successful, are likely to be expanded, and they should in the end improve the type of officer all round. The danger is, of course, that the youths will prefer the mounted branches of the service to the infantry, except in the case of the Foot Guards; but it will be for the military authorities to regulate the issue of commissions. Even in these days of breech-loading artillery and machine guns, great battles are won by the Infantry; and Russia cannot afford to let her big battalions be officered by men mainly drawn from the ranks. The Russian soldier is a stubborn fighter, but needs more leading than any other man serving in the ranks of the conscript armies of Europe. If his company-officers lack intelligence and have no knowledge of modern scientific warfare his fine qualities will never have full play. It may be noted that the Russian Government in their mistaken policy towards Finland, abolished the local Cadet Corps at Friedichsamm, forcing the Finlanders to gain commissions by study in Russia proper. The Finnish officers who enter the Service through the new channels will most probably be easily accessible to the influences which are at work to spread discontent throughout the army.—"Pio-neer."

## A CHALLENGE TO SANDOW.

The "Civil and Military Gazette" says:—Mr. Eugen Sandow's progress in Lower India has so far loomed as an unbroken triumph: no gladiator has anywhere arisen to gainsay the strong man's strength. But the sturdy Punjabi mind bends to no power it has not first tried in this tough province every new Goliath will find a ready David. A mass of variously verified stories of Mr. Sandow's prowess in the rough-and-tumble of personal conflict especially with the bravos and braggadocios of the London, Paris and Berlin taverns must make the fighter of ordinary chew and muscle quail at the thought of about with this modern Hercules. Not, so the Punjabi pahlwan—the brawny wrestler in whose feats rais and ryot alike delight. To him the irresistible Sandow, who can fell an ox, hug a bear or lift an elephant, is but a brother of his own mettle, possibly even less finely tempered. Accordingly there appears in our correspondence columns to-day a bold letter of challenge from a well-known wrestler of this province—a pupil by the way of the late famous "Rustam-i-Hind" whose reputed fighting weight was 24 stone—hurled at the head of Mr. Sandow at the very moment when the latter is reported to be surpassing himself in a neighbouring province by the immensity of his nightly achievements. If, as seems probable, Mr. Sandow should carry his present successful Indian tour into the Punjab, the local world of pahlwans will wait tense expectancy the issue of this daring defiance.

A St. Petersburg correspondent writes:—A telegram from Troizkosavsk (Transbaikalia) states that a Meeting of Mongolian Princes has been planned to discuss the different questions affecting Tibet and Mongolia. Two deputations of Lamas and Chinese Mongol officials have gone from Urga to meet the Dalai Lama. The Gygen of Urga, accompanied by a numerous retinue, has also left with great ceremony for the same purpose.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health beauty and luxury, use the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," which lady Constance Howard writes is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that the name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers &c.

## FIFTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Batty presided at a sitting of the fifth Criminal Sessions of the High Court, yesterday.

CHARGES AGAINST EUROPEAN SOLDIERS.

Robert Comley, Ronald E. Cross, Frederick Williams, John Henniker, Henry Bodman, Joseph Smith, Alfred Imeson, William Etherington, John Goddon, Frederick Smith, George Pointer, Charles Rumley, and Archibald Ramsden, thirteen soldiers of the Buffs Regiment, who were committed on 22nd August by Lieutenant-Colonel J. Davies, District Magistrate of Aden, for voluntarily causing grievous hurt, culpable homicide not amounting to murder, and for rioting, were placed on trial, Mr. Young, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown, Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Messrs. Crawford Brown and Co., defended the accused. The following gentlemen formed the

COMMON JURY.

Mr. G. W. Gilchrist, Foreman.

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. H. C. Willmott | Mr. J. W. McCarthy |
| Mr. C. M. Gray | Mr. H. C. Cargill |
| Mr. J. Phillips | Mr. S. H. Gleason |
| Mr. W. E. Wedinbaker | Mr. M. F. Delaney |

Private John Lawson of the first Battalion of the Buffs, said: He was on garrison police duty with Sergeant Oakley on the night in question. He heard whistling from the bottom of the hill near the Church of England, which was a little bit higher up the belfry. On hearing the whistling, he proceeded to the Lascar Lines. At the end of these Lines at the corner near the Artillery Barracks, there was a lamp. He noticed a party of from fifteen to twenty European soldiers coming along the Gold Mohur Valley way, and turning round the Lascar Lines. About there was Gun Park, where guns were parked. The road, the party went by, led to the Buffs Barracks. Except one, accused No. 6, who was dressed in khaki, the others were dressed anyhow. Among them he recognised accused Nos. 4, 1, 3, 11, 8, 9, and 12. Henniker, No. 5, called out "Good night." After Henniker, Nos. 5 and 6 shouted out "Good night."

Cross examined: In the Barracks were about 600 soldiers belonging to the Artillery and the Buffs, a great many of whom go out walking at night after supper. Two or three days after the incident, the parade to pick up the persons concerned in the row was held. In the parade, he picked up private B. Welsh, who having been subsequently ascertained to have been in the barracks at the time, was discharged by the Magistrate, the "Good nights" were shouted out in the name of "Breezy," which was witness's regimental nick name. He did not pick out on the parade Nos. 7 and 9. On the night before the Somalis had been throwing stones into the bungalows. On the 27th July, Bandsman Scott handed over to him a stick weighing five or six pounds, which had been thrown at him by a Somali. The Somalis also used abusive words to the soldiers.

Re-examined: Of the 600 soldiers, about 200 were the Buffs.

By the Judge: It was the duty of the Military Police to arrest Somalis caught throwing stones.

Yusaf Jama, a butler, said his sister Alula was wounded in the head, and was bleeding profusely. He had her removed to the hospital.

The evidence of this witness, and of the other Somali witnesses in the case, was interpreted through a Somali interpreter Abdi Usman, who was specially sworn in. He interpreted from Somali into Urdu, and the High Court interpreter, Mr. Rustam Meherban Aga, interpreted from Urdu into English.

Araba Varsama, woman, said Alula came to sleep with her. Alula got up from the verandah, and wanted to go inside the hut, when the soldiers struck her with stones, gave her boys with fists, and kicked her with booted feet. The hut was an ant kicked her with booted feet. The hut was an ant eaten stable shed. On hearing the noise of stones witness woke up, and concealed herself near the well close-by. She rolled over to the place. She never saw Somalis throw stones. She did not know to whose bungalow the stable was attached. All the soldiers beat Alula.

Hasan Sherar said he saw the soldiers kicking at something in the stables, and then go away in the direction of the barracks. He went to see what the "something" was, and discovered it to have been the woman Alula, who lay bleeding and unconscious. He went to inform her brother Yusaf of the occurrence. On his return from the bazaar, it was nine o'clock at night, and he went to sleep in the vicinity of the place in consequence. It was by an accident he slept there. He was just loafing about in the bazaar, having no employment or occupation at the time. He did not see any of the soldiers strike Alula with a stick. The soldiers were dressed in whites, one of them was in khaki. They had boots on.

Haitar Usman, orderly to Major Price, gave his evidence in the Arabic; it was interpreted by Mr. Aga. Witness said he saw about fifty soldiers, in shirts and shorts, one only being dressed in khaki, enter the stables. The servants' quarters, in which witness was, were close to the stables.

After tiffin Mr. Kirkpatrick mentioned to the Judge that he had been instructed to say the prisoners were without food, and were it not for private generosity would have remained hungry. He understood they were in Civil custody.

The Judge: Mr. Kirkpatrick, I am sorry I have no authority to make an order of this nature. Who is the Police Officer in charge?

Inspector DeBurgh, standing up, said he was.

The Judge: Where are they lodged to-day?

The Inspector: They are committed to the Byculla Jail.

The Judge: Perhaps you will mention the matter has formed the subject of comment in this Court. It was a very extraordinary thing they should not have been supplied with food while the trial is proceeding. I was not aware up till now. Mr. Kirkpatrick, the prisoners were thus situated; I am informed the native prisoners are not supplied with food when on trial.

Mr. Kirkpatrick: So much the worse for native prisoners, my Lord. (Laughter)

Mr. H. W. Dafs. Prescott said he was House Surgeon in the European General Hospital at Aden. Alula was brought in a very serious condition, she had eleven contused wounds on her head. These injuries could have been caused by a blow from a blunt instrument, such as a large stone or a thick stick, or a kick from a heavy-ammunition booted foot. She was a well-nourished Somali woman of about twenty years of age, tall, and wore a dark-blue saree. She was unconscious. She was kept till the evening, and there being no accommodation for native patients in the Hospital, she was sent to the Civil Hospital.

Cross examined: From her stature, she might have been mistaken in the dark for a man.

Lieutenant Lanham's evidence, recorded on commission, was read. The officer was of opinion her condition was such that further surgical interference was deemed unjustifiable. She died in the Civil Hospital on 2nd August. Major Frail and he held a post-mortem on the body.

Inspector F. H. Bradbury of the Alien Police, was called in to prove the confessions made by two of the prisoners, and which were recorded by Captain O'Brien, Contonment Magistrate, under Section 164.

On the application of Mr. Kirkpatrick, the Jury were ordered to retire during the discussion of the question relating to the admissibility or otherwise of this evidence. The Jury having gone out of Court, counsel contended they were not confessions of guilt, if they were statements only, they were no longer confessions like cited from 2 Cal. W. N. a case as a decision in point, also other decisions, including 1 Mad. 225 and one from Chief Justice Maclean. In the present case the investigating Magistrate was Colonel Davies, whereas Captain O'Brien was only the Cantonment Magistrate and had nothing whatever to do with the case except recording the two statements, which counsel submitted were more in the nature of a cross-examination than anything else. The statements could only be admissible under sections 209 and 342 of the Code, the conditions of which had not been complied with.

Mr. Young, in reply, said the statements were perfectly admissible, all the conditions necessary for such admissibility having been complied with. They were made on 5th and on 6th August respectively, while the inquiry did not begin till the 15th idem. Under Section 164 "every Magistrate not being a Police Officer" was qualified to record a confession or statement; it was not even necessary he should have jurisdiction. When a statement was recorded under Section 364 "any Magistrate" could do it in the shape of questions and answers, and it should be signed by the person making it, and by the Magistrate, who should certify it to be "a full and true account of the statements made by the accused." Again, according to Section 80 of the Evidence Act, all those statements contained in the certificate were presumed to be true, Mr. Young read the statements, and said they were confessions as well as statements of facts. In one place, the prisoner stated: As he was bringing down the broom, the "head" flew off, and he missd his mark.

The Judge: I suppose the "head" of the broom. (Laughter).

Mr. Young: Of course, my Lord; not the head of the woman.

Mr. Karkpatrick said his learned friend seemed to have been arguing in a circle.

The Judge said the statements were admissible, but he would take care to direct the Jury how far they should rely on them.

The Jury were called in and the statements were read. The first was made by the fourth accused Henniker, and the second by the seventh accused Imeson. Himiker said he with J. Smith, Imeson, Pointer, F. Smith, Comley and Etherington were out chasing the Somalis, who had been throwing stones. Going down the valley he and J. Smith encountered about eighteen Somalis. They gave chase. They saw a figure and threw a volly of stones in the dark at it. He saw the figure fall. They thought the figure was one of the Somalis they had been been chasing. When they went back straight on the road, they met four policeman on the road.

Imeson's statement was to the effect that hearing loud shouting and whistling, he, Cross, and Bodman (this name the accused subsequently changed to Ramsden) ran out together. A few men were skirmishing, and they ran up the road leading to the tennis courts. A heap of stones was thrown towards the hut. He ran into the shed. Henniker held a native. As he was bringing the broom down, the head flew off and he missed his mark. On this night were out Cross, Ramsden, Rumley, Bodman, Goddon, J. Smith, F. Smith and others. In all, there were from 30 to 40 men out on that night. He thought the native was one of the Somalis they had been chasing.

The accuseds' statements before the Magistrate were read. The majority of the accused admitted out to chase the Somalis with the others.

His Lordship recorded the accuseds' statements, and informed them of the names of the witnesses who had identified them during trial. Imeson said he was not sure about Henniker and J. Smith, of whom he had spoken in his statement before the Magistrate.

With regard to accused No. 13, Archibald Ramsden, his Lordship directed the Jury there was no evidence against him. He was adjudged "not guilty," and discharged.

The Sessions were adjourned till to-day.

## THE VICTORIA TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—In the lively debates at our Municipal Corporation meetings much has been heard of late about the merits and demerits of the men turned out by the Victoria Technical Institute. It may, perhaps, be interesting to your readers to know something about the lighter side of the question, though not altogether of a harmless kind, where the future of the passed men is concerned. A few anecdotes will suffice. Some of these men of the earlier batch wishing to see the engines of a local mill were refused admittance by the engineer-in-charge permitting them only a glimpse of the machinery at work through the glass door: the humour of the thing can best be imagined. A passed student serving in a mill on a low salary had to dodge, and to conceal for over a year from his co-workers the fact of his being an Institute man. There are many who to this day avoid the use of the diploma letters L. M. E and L. T. M, after their names for fear of being boycotted. A successful student, serving for several years in a local mill in the textile branch, was treated throughout by the "Subjantawala" (all-knowing) practical men, as an incompetent hand: the same man in another mill was soon able to "show excellent results" in a department of which he had no practical experience: by his ability and usefulness he has since risen high in that mill. Honest and conscientious opinions or efforts in the direction of improvements, and ideas suggestive of high standards of efficiency, emanating from the passed men are invariably pooh-poohed by the untrained and so-called "practical" men in the mills accustomed to move in the old groove. An Institute man does not know how "to impress his shedias" by appearing before them in clothes purposely soiled. This successful tactic may be found practised in some of the mills. The rule-of-thumb man have even been seen standing before a card in the act of stripping and allowing duff to settle on their faces and clothes, before approaching their employers? Students from the Institute are sadly wanting in these acquirements. A techno-certificate holder will not keep saying "yes," but has the "cheek" to argue the point scientifically, he is, again, incapable of taking out "more production by spinning coarser counts. This tactless man will not think at lobbers taking tips from the operatives: the "practical" rule-of-thumb man knows better. The Institute man's training under Englishmen make him unfit to note, and to remember his employer's private residence in order "to pay respects now and then. Such a man is conceited and stands on his own legs, and will not stoop to send presents to his superiors. The Tech-Inst. novice has not the wisdom of advising his employers to go in for second-hand, rotten and burnt articles "from Bodgully" stores, and thus is ignorant of real, economical work; the "practical" man is wiser in this respect. The technico man does not, like his "practical" co-worker, know how to patch up a 40" country casting pully, 13" face, which keeps constantly bursting. (Ignorance in such a case is bliss indeed!) The "man of theory," as the student from Tech.-Inst. is called, will, again, advise his employers to go in for the best and the most durable things on the principle that they are cheaper in the long run. The "practical" man of the old school will never countenance such extravagance in his master's interests. Should the master in a fit of economy tell the "practical" man to bring down the consumption of stores, oiling is the first item which the rule-of-thumb man will tackle and cut down. In this respect he is a great patron of the machine manufacturers. What the Indian dhobie is to the Indian durzie, so is the "practical" man in this respect. The Tech. man will in such a case venture to reason with his master, Intrigue, espionage and the writing of the anonymous letters are a necessary part of the economical management of some of our mill concerns of which the public knows little. The new men from their education and training cannot compete with their old and experienced rivals in these worthy exploits.

These, sir, are some of the rulinements peculiar to our Mills out here. It goes without saying that there are many notable exceptions, Small wonder then that the products of our Tech Inst. are unpopular in certain quarters, but the light thrown on the subject by the present controversy cannot but prove beneficial to them in the long run.—Yours &c. December 5. A. TECH.-INST. MAN.

## MEN OF THE DAY.

### THE AGHA KHAN.

No one who meets that most Europeanised of Orientals, Sultan Mohammed Agha Khan, would suppose that the perfectly-dressed gentleman whose complexion is not so dark as that of many Italians, and whose English accent is faultless, is the representative head of one of the most remarkable secret sects in the unfathomable East, and is regarded by his followers with as much veneration as the devout Buddhist pays to the Grand Lama of Tibet.

But this is the case. The young man who has for several succeeding years visited England, and travelled over the greater part of Europe and Western Asia, improving his experience of the world as the West knows it, is the lineal descendant and actual heir to the style and title of the extraordinary chief described by Marco Polo and succeeding travellers as the Old Man of the Mountain. He is the head of the sect of the Ismailis.

Under the name of Khajaz this sect exists very largely in Sindh, Kutch, and Guzerat, and there are very many of the Agha's followers in Bombay and Zanzibar. Their numbers in Western India alone are probably some 100 000. Their religion, which is founded upon Mohammedanism is a mysterious doctrine, but the main characteristic of it is deep reverence, if not actual worship, of the person of their hereditary Imam, The Agha Khan.

The grandfather of the present Agha Khan was originally domiciled in Persia, but in 1840 he had to escape from that country owing to an outbreak of fanaticism on the part of the Government. He took refuge in Sindh, and was able, owing to his influence over his followers, to render good service to the British Government.

For many years this genuine heir and successor to the Prince of the Assassins lived in Bombay, keeping up great state upon the large income he received from his faithful followers. Sir Bartle Frere wrote of him in 1875. "Like his ancestor, the 'old one' of Marco Polo's time he keeps his Court in grand and noble style. His sons, popularly known as the 'Persian Princes,' are active sportsmen, and age has not dulled the Agha's knowledge of horse-racing. Some of the best blood of Arabia is always to be found in his stables. He spares no expense on his racers, and no prejudice or religion or race prevents him travelling himself of the science and skill of an English trainer or jockey. If tidings of war or threatened disturbance should arise from Central Asia or Persia, the Agha is always the first to hear of it, and immediately pays a visit to the Governor to offer the services of a tried sword to the Government."

This Agha Khan died in 1881, at the age of eighty. He was succeeded by his son Sultan Ali Agha Khan, who was for a time a member of the Legislative Council of India—and he, in his turn, was succeeded by Sultan Mohammed, the present Agha.

Probably, although he does not possess a yard of territory, the Agha Khan is one of our most useful native allies in the Indian Empire. No one, not a member of the Ismaili, can really know the amount of influence he possesses or the number of persons who are ready to obey his slightest word. And his followers must be a very large and numerous body of men, and most of them possess wealth, education, and influence.

He is a widely-read young man, and his knowledge of British political questions far exceeds that of the ordinary Englishman. English Society makes much of him after its usual reckless fashion when Eastern Princes are concerned. But the Agha Khan is no snob. He has a keen appreciation of the beautiful:—"Jehu Junior" in Vanity Fair."

## YACHT CLUB RACES.

### OPENING CRUISE TO HOG ISLAND.

The Yacht Races which were sailed on Saturday afternoon all terminated at Hog Island. The following are the results:—

The "A" and "B" Class Yachts sailed a course from the Committee Vessel round Butcher Beacon, leaving it to Port round Red Channel Buoy, of Butcher Island, leaving it to starboard round B W H S Buoy, N N E of Elephanta, leaving it to starboard and finishing between the Mark boat and Hog Island Bunder. Distance 10·6 miles.

The first Yachts to start were those of the "B" Class with time in hand, Erin crossing the line at 2'40' followed by Trixie at 2'42'-30" and Janetta at 2'45' There was a very light northerly breeze to Butcher Beacon, thereafter light to variable with calms; from the Red Channel Buoy to Hog Island, a nice fresh breeze set in which enabled the Yatchts to finish just before the time limit.

Erin kept the lead until the Red Channel Buoy, when she was passed by Janetta and Trixie, the former winning the first prize.

| Yachts | Entered by | Time Allowances | Started at | Time of arrival |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | H M S | H M S |
| Janet'a..... | Officers' R E | Scratch.... | 2 45 0 | 5 41 0 |
| Trixie ..... | Mr A M Montesth | 2 29 .... | 2 42 30 | 5 43 23 |
| Erin ..... | Mr R H Ireland... | 5 18 | 2 49 0 | Not timed |

The Tomtit Class and Handicap Race started at 2-30 p.m. the course being from the Committee Vessel round Tucker Beacon leaving it to Port, round the Two Red Channel Buoys W N W and N of Butcher Island, leaving both to starboard, round B W H S Buoy, N N E of Elephanta leaving it to starboard, and finishing between Mark boat and Hog Island Bunder. Distance 9'4 miles.

The boats got away to a good start, the weather conditions were the same as for B Class.

Lapwing which had been first over the line, kept the lead throughout the race, Tomtit, which had had luck in the catspaws, arrived 57 seconds behind, but lost the second prize to the Club Boat "Coralie" (sailed by Capt Stiffe R A) which had taken more Westerly course than the others after passing Tucker Beacon and got the breeze when it did come before the other boats.

| Yachts | Entered by | Time Allowances on course | Started at | Time of arrival | Corrected time |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | M S | H M S | H M S | H M S |
| Tomtit ... | Lt F M Gibson... | Scratch | 2 50 0 | 5 27 21 | 5 21 21 |
| Lapwing.. | Mr E P Richards | 9 24 | 2 50 0 | 5 32 25 | 5 12 1 |
| Cora ie ... | Capt Stiffe, R A | 18 48 | 2 40 0 | 5 28 28 | 5 9 40 |
| Maud ... | Mr J E Needham | 14 06 | 2 50 0 | 5 24 16 | 5 12 10 |
| Hawthorn | Mr L Worgan | 14 06 | 2 50 0 | 5 32 48 | 5 18 42 |

The First prize was won by Lapwing and the handicap prize by Coralie.

For the "A" Class Yachts Handicap Race there were only two entries Forella being under repairs and Sapphire cruising elsewhere. Melody started 24 minutes ahead of Eileen, but ran into a long Calm N. of Butcher Island, which was only experienced for a short time by Eileen and was passed by the latter boat close to the Red Channel Buoy N. of Butcher Island, Eileen seemed to travel beautifully in the light air and won the first prize.

| Yacht | Entered by | Time Allowances on course | Started at | Time of arrival |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | H M | H M S | H M S |
| Eileen .. | Mr N N Wadia... | Scratch | 3 15 0 | 5 22 50 |
| Melody | Mr J B K Macbeth | 23 51 | 2 51 0 | 5 21 28 |

The Godwit which acted as the Mark-boat brought over a large party. Some 20 members stayed to dinner at the Bungalow at Hog Island and the thanks of all are due to Mr. Faulkner, who took charge of the piano for a most enjoyable musical evening. A good number of members returned to Bombay the same evening by a launch which had been kindly placed at the disposal of the Sailing Committee.

On the following morning an interesting excursion was made up the Shewa Rim in the Motor Launches belonging to Mr. C. T. R. Scovell and Mr J B R Macbeth.

## THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, Dec. 5.

Monday.—Pressure has changed by only small amounts except in further Kashmir, where it has risen briskly. At Leh pressure is now a quarter of an inch higher than usual. Skies are clear in Baluchistan and North-West India, and are cloudy in the South Peninsula and Ceylon, where local rain has fallen. Trincomalee and Negapatam report 1 1-2 inches, Tinnevelly 1, Pamban half inch. Fine weather is likely in the Indian area during the next 24 hours except in the South Peninsula and Ceylon, where local rain may be again expected. The depression in Persia is to East of Bushire, this morning, and may affect Baluchistan within the next 48 hours.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 5TH DECEMBER.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Hissar.—Bright, no sign of rain Crop prospects generally good.

Mooltan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Crop prospects generally good.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Crop prospects generally good.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Cawnpore.—Seasonable. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Beawar.—Bright no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton picking general and arriving in small quantites.

Amraoti.—Seasonable. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Khamgaon.—Dewfall insufficient. Cotton picking general. Food-grains doing well. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Dhulia.—Bright no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Broach.—Bright, fair; mornings cold. Cotton plants flourishing, and show bolls rapidly ripening. Cotton picking general and arriving in small quantities. Cotton crop prospects generally good.

Viramgam.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants showing bolls and want more rain.

Wadhwan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing, ready for picking and want fine weather.

Dholera.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton picking partially begun.

Bhawnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Cotton picking partially begun.

Barsi.—Mornings cold and dewy. Seasonable. Cotton picking generally. Crop prospects generally good.

Sholapur.—Dewfall insufficient. Food-grains suffering from want of rain.

Hubli.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Crop prospects generally good.

Bellary.—Bright no sign of rain. Cotton plants want more rain. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON MONDAY, THE 5TH DECEMBER.

SUMMARY.

Pressure changes have been small and unimportant. The barometer is in slight to considerable excess of normal over the whole area.

Winds are north-easterly or south easterly at the majority of the reporting stations and the force has been strong at Negapatam, fresh at Madras and Ratnagiri and generally light elsewhere.

Temperature.—The greatest variations are:—Maximum 5° to 6° in excess of normal at Karachi and Hyderabad and minimum 6° to 9° in excess at Madras Cuddapah, Ajmere and Bhuj and 5° to 7° in defect at Hyderabad (Deccan) Sholapur, Ahmednagar, Malegaon, Indore, Akola, Khandwa and Bhavnagar, Para. The highest temperature in the shade was 93° at Mangalore and the lowest 44° at Indore and Jubbulpore.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is cloudy to overcast in Ceylon, the Madras Presidency and at Cochin, Mangalore and Raipur.

Rain.—Negapatam reports about an inch and a quarter and Colombo very light showers.

Weather is slightly unsettled in Ceylon, the Madras Presidency and on the Malabar Coast and local rain is to be expected.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

What could be more distressing than piles? They keep one awake at night, and are torturing all the day. Doan's Ointment cures piles, eczema, and any itching skin complaint. The first application will bring relief, and your cure will be a lasting one. Doan's Ointment is to be had of all Chemists and Drug Stores.

## BOMBAY STANDING COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Corporation was held yesterday afternoon in the Municipal Council Hall, the Hon. Mr. Vithaldas D. Thackersey presiding. There were present Mr. Sassoon J. David, Mr. James Macdonald, Lieutenant-Colonel H. P. Dimmock, Mr. H. G. Gell, Mr. Jaffer Rahimtoola, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Dr. K. E. Dadachanji, Dr. Dinshaw B. Master, Mr. Joseph Baptista, Dr. N. N. Katrak, Dr. A. G. Viegas, Mr. W. L. Harvey, Commissioner and Mr. M. N. Wadia, Secretary

EXPENDITURE SIDE.

The Committee first considered the expenditure side of the Municipal Budget Estimates for the year 1905-1906.

The estimate of expenditure in respect of the General Superintendence were passed as follows:—Corporation and Standing Committees' establishment, Rs. 62,352: Municipal Commissioner's Personal Office establishment, Rs. 60,112; General Office establishment, Rs. 38,740; Accounts and Expenditure Audit establishment, Rs. 95 521; New works establishment, Rs. 1,200, Estimates in respect of Assessment and Collection Department were adopted as under:—Property and Wheel Tax establishment, Rs. 1,08,373; Port Trust and Railway Town Duty departments; Rs. 80,900; Tolls Collection, Rs, 455; Licensing establishment, Rs. 33,370; and Revenue and Refund Audit Office establishment, Rs. 30,770. Fire-Brigade, Rs. 1,26,462.

The expenditure for the maintenance of Public Gardens was estimated by the Commissioner at Rs. 70 047

Mr. James Macdonald moved as an amendment that an additional grant of Rs. 5,000 be budgeted for general improvement of the Gardens. He said the grant was necessary for the botanical arrangement to be made in the Victoria Gardens.

Mr. David seconded the amendment, which was carried.

Estimates with regard to the Public Works Department were adopted as follows:—General Supervision and Miscellaneous Duties, Rs. 63 831; Mechanical Branch, Pumping and Air Compressor Stations, Rs. 1,75,573; Sanitary Disposal of Town Sweeping, Rs. 1,07,980; Miscellaneous Drainage and Sluices, Rs. 2,38,54, Drainage New works Rs. 45,000; Water Works, Ordinary Branch Rs. 2,29,102, Special Branch, Rs. 67,450, New works Rs. 14 785; Streets and Buildings, Rs. 9,95,380; Special Provision for cleaning, repairing, lighting etc of Port Trust Wharves Roads.

Dr. K. E. Dadachanji complained of the bad condition of the Bombay footpaths, for the repairs of which, he suggested, an extra grant should be set apart. The footpaths of the streets facing the Bombay Docks were in a wretched condition and they should be improved as soon as possible.

The estimates of expenditure in respect of Public Health Department were passed as follows:—General Supervision and Conservancy, Rs. 16,28,979; Market and Slaughter Houses, Rs. 1 51 371; Registration of Births and Deaths, Rs. 92,600; Cemeteries, Rs. 13,000; Laboratories, Rs. 12 000; Mahaluximi Dhobiswads, Rs. 15,005; Infectious Diseases, Rs. 47,539; etc. total Rs. 19 74,433.

Dr. Master proposed an amendment that the provision of Rs. 35,000 made in the budget for gully flushing be increased by Rs. 10,000. He said the present operation was insufficient and should be extended—Dr. Viegas seconded the amendment, which was lost.

The following estimates were then adopted:—General Stores, Rs. 20 718; Municipal Debt, Rs. 27,34 500; Pensions and Gratuities, Rs. 70,000; Police charges, Rs. 5,00,000; Education (including Veterinary College and contributions) Rs. 1,03,136; Hospitals Rs. 97,000; Discretional Contingencies, Rs. 7,400; Auditors' Allowances, Rs. 10,000; Contribution to the Bombay Improvement Trust, Rs. 3,00 000; Investment of interest realised on sinking, Insurance &c., Funds Investments Rs. 2,75 000, and Plague Expenses, Rs. 2,00,000.

Mr. Jaffer Rahimtoola moved an amendment that the estimate of the plague expenses be reduced by Rs. 25,000. He said the work of improving insanitary houses should be discontinued. Dr. Master seconded the amendment, which was lost.

The Committee then passed the total budget estimate of expenditure at Rs. 90 83,000

INCOME SIDE.

The Committee next proceeded to consider the Income side of the budget.

The Commissioner had estimated general tax at 9 3-8 per cent including contributions from Government and the Port Trust at Rs. 29 87,500.

An amendment was then moved that the general tax be reduced by half a per cent. He said that with a surplus of 18,33,000 they should reduce the tax so that not only the landlords, but the tenants also might be benefited by it.

Mr. Jafferbhoy Rahimtula seconded the amendment which was lost.

Mr. Baptista moved another amendment that general tax should be increased by half per cent.

Dr. Viegas seconded the amendment which was lost.

The original estimate in the budget was then adopted,

TOWN DUTIES.

Town Duties were estimated in the budget at Rs. 11 50.000.

Dr. Viegas moved an amendment that Town Duties on grain be abolished altogether, necessaries of life used by the poor ought not to be taxed.

The amendment was lost.

He next proposed that Town Duties on grain be reduced by two annas per candy.

This amendment was also lost.

He then moved a third amendment that the tax on fuel be abolished.

This was also negatived.

The total estimated income for the year from wheel tax, licenses, halalkhore tax, water tax, market receipts etc. was passed at Rs. 87,80,000.

The Committee then adjourned.

## BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS, BY MAJOR T. W. CUFFE A. D. C, COMMANDING Bo. L. H.

Bombay, December 6,

The Squadron will parade to-day (Tuesday) 6th instant at the Riding School and not at the Queen's Statue, Esplanade as already stated, at 7 a.m. Sharp.

Dress—Review Order (Summer).

By Order,
F. A. REDDIE, Lieut,
Acting Adjt. B. L. H.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, December 6,

1 The following drills will take place this week—No 1 Company—Wednesday 6 30 p m Town Hall Compound Proficiency Class—Thursday 6-30 a m Colaba North Fort 6in Bgun drill—No 2 Comp ny Nellie Lane Hd-qrs—Thursday 8-45 m Squadron drill Proficiency Class.

The E E Company will parade at 6-20 p m. at the Apollo Bunder to-morrow (Wednesday) next, the 7th instant and proceed to Oyster Rock for Technical Instructions.

By Order
A. STIFFE, Capt. R. A,
Adjt. B. V. A.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. F. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D, COMMANDING.

Bombay, December 6,

1 A guard-of-honour consisting of 100 Rank and File will parade at the Gymkhana and of the Parade Ground at 3 p m on Wednesday the 7th instant for the purpose of receiving his Excellency the Governor at the Levee.

Dress—Review Order Khaki, (Putties will not be worn).

2 

## ECHOES OF SCIENCE

LOWELL, the American astronomer, has communicated the results of his spectrographic observations on the rotations of the planets Venus and Mars. They tend to disprove the estimate of 24 hours for the rotation of Venus round her axis, and confirm that of 225 days as given by Schiaparelli. They also confirm the estimate of 24 hours or so for the rotation of Mars.

A new telautograph, or telegraph which reproduces the handwriting at a distance, has been invented by M. Gruhn. Instead of making the electric current move a pen, he causes it to oscillate a small mirror reflecting a ray of light to a travelling photographic film. The ray inscribes the message on the film, which is developed and fixed. The method is rather like the Pollok-Virag telegraph, now working in Germany.

A few scientific bodies possess the brains of remarkable persons for examination. The French Mutual Society of Autopsy, for example, has that of Gambetta, among others, but the families of the deceased are often reluctant to permit the removal of the brain, as in the case of Mrs. E. C. Stanton, who bequeathed her brain to Cornell University, and to defeat her intentions her will was not read until after the funeral.

Professor Retzius, of Sweden, has recently described the brain of a Swedish statesman, whose name is withheld, but who was Prime Minister at 40 and a highly gifted jurist, thinker, orator, and philanthropist. He was tall, blonde, and of the genuine Swedish type. His brain weighed 1,489 grammes, was well formed and richly convoluted. Seen from behind it is ovoid, and widest at the sub-parietal region. The frontal and parietal association areas are complex and rich in fissures, but otherwise without redundancy of development, as was to be expected, for he was a good all-round man. He was a clear and skilful debater, and could familiarise himself with arts and sciences. This well-balanced mind, or harmonious construction of mental abilities agrees with the symmetry of his brain. It is noticeable, however, that the left sub-frontalgyre (the motor-speech centre) is more favourably developed than the same region on the right side.

"Nature" illustrates an apparatus, invented by Professor Fopel of Munich Technical High School for measuring the velocity of the earth's rotation which is based on the gyroscopic action of the spinning top.

Mr. F. H. King, of Madison, Wisconsin, has published three papers on soil management, refused by the United States Bureau of Soils, but authorised by the Secretary of Agriculture. It appears that the official doctrine of the Bureau is contrary to that of King, who maintains that farmyard manure increases the yield of crops and the amount of water-soluble salts which can be recovered from the soils and the plants grown upon them.

In the proceedings of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, Dr. J. Erskine Murray describes a simple differentiating machine, which can solve many statistical problems too laborious for existing methods.

In the "Revue Scientifique," Professor Blondlot of Nancy, has replied at length to those critics who doubt the existence of his N rays, and affirms in the most absolute fashion that these rays have the same certitude to him as any other physical phenomena. Several of his colleagues and others have affirmed the same. He thinks it a question of "eyes and no eyes," that is to say, while some persons can make use of their eyes to see them others cannot or do not.

It is very natural, he says, that persons who cannot see the action of the rays on a phosphorescent screen should doubt their existence, and he does not seek to persuade them, but recommends them to lean the back and the back of the head against a wall, then observe the screen by holding it at a level below that of the eyes, so that a plane through the eyes and middle of the screen makes an angle of 30 degrees or more with the horizon. The screen ought to be normally placed or nearly so.

A great port is to be made at Rosario on the Parana River, Argentine Republic. The works have fallen to two French firms, Hersent and Schneider.

A steam fishing-boat the Hecla, has been built at Dunkirk, France, for the Newfoundland fishery. She is fitted with the electric light and other modern improvements.

According to the researches of M. Trillat, brought before the Academy of Sciences, Paris, formic aldehyde is formed in burning tobacco. The pipe yields most of it but the quantity varies with the tobacco.

Benbow's airship which made a successful trip at the St. Louis Exhibition on October 27, weighs about 600 lbs. without the aeronaut, and has a gas bag 75 feet long and 20 feet thick at the middle, with tapering ends. The frame is of aluminium and wood, and a 10 horse-power gasoline motor drives two large side wheels or fans, which fold automatically between the strokes.

The "Scientific American" contains an illustrated account of a new device, the "Versant," for the monocular examination of photographs got with objectives of short focus. This is effected by means of a new achromatic lens. The instrument is light and easily handled.

Mdme. Curie, who, with her husband, shares the honour of discovering radium, is a Pole, born at Warsaw in November, 1868. Her father, Ladislas Skiodowska was a professor and a naturalist, her mother, Bronistawa Boguska, principal of a boarding school. Marie Skiodowska showed early intelligence, and received a gold medal on graduating at a lyceum in Warsaw. She studied physics, and at Paris took degrees in mathematical, physical, and chemical science. Professor Curie, of the Sorbonne, married her, and directed the experiments which led to the discovery of radium.

Saghalien, the Russian island to the north of Japan, is not so cold as the interior of Siberia, because of the surrounding sea. Gold, copper, and iron mines are worked in it. The timber is fine, especially oak and cedar. Coal, petroleum, whale, fish (salmon and herring), and game (deer, musk-ox, elan, goats) are among the natural productions.

"Electric pearls" are a new style of glow lamps designed by M. Weissmann, Paris. They enable garlands and devices resembling necklaces of pearls to be used in decorative lighting.

Kryptol is a new substance for generating electrical heat. It is said to be a mixture of graphite carborun dun, and clay forming a loose mass or powder. It offers a high resistance to the electrical current.

A white variation of the common waterhen, killed at Stour, Dorset, last month, has been received at the Natural History Museum, South Kensington.

Professor Pickering thinks the "canals" of Mars, and similar marks observed on the moon, are lines of volcanic action, where the crust has been fractured, and where vegetation is developed.

Perhaps one of the most satisfactory awards of the Council of the Royal Society for this year is that of the Darwin Medal to Professor Bateson, of Cambridge, "for his contribution to the theory of organic evolution by his researches on variation and heredity." The history of the theory or heredity during the past half century is interesting and curious. Some forty years ago an Austrian abbot named Mendel, spent his days in studying the facts of heredity mainly as evidenced in peas. His work was novel, accurate, extensive, and of the very greatest importance. But it was naturally overshadowed by the "Origin of Species," which has well nigh dominated the whole domain of biology during the forty-five years since its publication. At last it began to be realised that Darwin had taken the initial facts of heredity and variation for granted, in his great work and it became manifest that the neglected work of the Abbe Mendel was a great contribution to truth. His chief protagonist in this country has been Professor Bateson, who delivered a lucid and masterly address on the subject to the section of zoology at the recent meeting of the British Association. He has had an uphill task, but Mendelism is now an established theory which even the terribly searching methods of professor Karl Pearson and the mathematical biologists and biometricians have not been able to overthrow.

A good story is going the rounds concerning a young American woman who wished to be presented at the Court of the late King of Saxony. The high officials, having inquired into her social standing at home, objected. They represented to her that the King could scarcely receive the daughter of a man who sold boots and shoes. The young woman cabled home and told her father the situation. The next morning she received his answer: "Bosh! It isn't selling. Practically giving them away. See advertisement?" That solved the difficulty. She was presented as the daughter of an eminent philanthropist.


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have the
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD,
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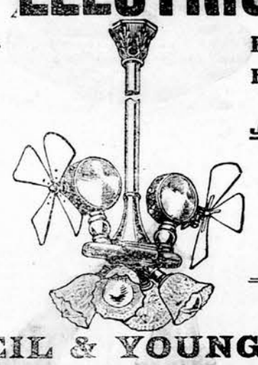

Made for either direct or alternating currents.

Circulates Air in Every Corner of the Room.

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*CURES*
CONSTIPATION,
PAINS AFTER EATING,
FULNESS AT THE CHEST,
NERVOUS DEPRESSION,
BILIOUSNESS,

Nearly all our minor ailments and many dangerous diseases have their origin in some disorder of the stomach, liver and kidneys, affecting the vital processes of digestion and nutrition. In health, the daily expenditure of vital force is replenished by the digestion of food, but when digestion fails this expenditure is not replaced, the sources of supply run low, and every organ of the body is starved and poisoned. To be strong and healthy, maintain a good digestion by taking Mother Seigel's Syrup daily after meals. As a digestive tonic and stomachic remedy it has no equal. It clears the head, braces the nerves, tones the liver, assists digestion and helps you to gain strength from food—the only way it can be gained.

## THE WORLD'S REMEDY

"For fifteen years I suffered from kidney and liver troubles which left me a mere shadow of my former self," writes Mrs. Amelia Le Roux, Short Street, North End, East London, Cape Colony, on June 22nd, 1904. "I lost my appetite and could not sleep at nights. I was also attacked by dizziness, which made me feel quite faint. Constipation was one of my chief troubles. Doctors were called in to attend me, but I only derived relief from their treatment for a short while. At last I heard of your Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup and I was not backward in purchasing a supply which cured me, and now at sixty-eight years I can do as much work as any person twenty years younger."

CLEANSES THE LIVER,
PURIFIES THE BLOOD,
SHARPENS THE APPETITE,
BRACES THE NERVES,
INVIGORATES THE SYSTEM,
ASSISTS DIGESTION.

FOR INDIGESTION.

## PEEK, FREAN & CO'S ORIGINAL MARIE BISCUITS

THE original introduction of P. F. & Co., in 1874.

When the thermometer is low

We get careless and dress as if it were summer. Then come chills, colds, coughs. Keep

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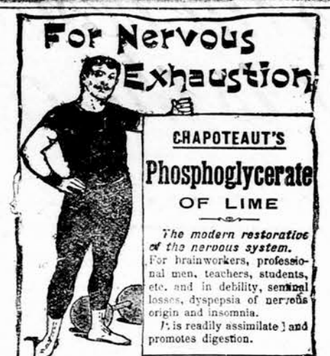
on hand. A dose or two at the beginning will stop the chills, break up the cold, and prevent serious trouble. Look out for cheap imitations.

In large and small bottles.

Avoid constipation. Hasten a cure by the use of Ayer's Pills.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.



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Phosphoglycerate OF LIME

*The modern restoration of the nervous system.*
For brainworkers, professional men, teachers, students, etc. and in debility, seminal losses, dyspepsia of nervous origin and insomnia.
It is readily assimilated and promotes digestion.

*PHOSPHOGLYCERATE SYRUP* (CHAPOTEAUT)
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Awarded Certificate of Merit for the cure of Irregularities, Anæmia and all Female Complaints. They have the approval of the Medical Profession. Beware of imitations. The only genuine and original are in *White Paper Wrappers*. Boxes, 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d., of all Chemists, or 2s. 8d. Box contains three times the pills. Bankers, C. and G. KEARSLEY, 17, North Street, Westminster, London. Sold in the Colonies.

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ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
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The Late LORD CLYDE said:—"I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."
"It cured me of Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—EARL OF ALDBOROUGH.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

N.B. Indispensable to Residents Abroad.

A Celebrated Physician says:—"I always prescribed it with almost universal success in those complaints which are engendered in Tropical Climates, and no one should be without it."

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HAS STOOD THE TEST OF TIME, AND THE VERY HIGHEST AUTHORITIES pronounce it SARSAPARILLA THE BEST.
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Be sure you get N.B. the signature of the Proprietor and Trade Mark, thus W Thomas Wilkinson are upon every GENUINE Bottle.
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To avoid impositions the Public are respectfully asked to notice this. (Any imitation is a felony.)

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DURABILITY, RELIABILITY, RESILIENCY, SPEED,
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Bottles, 2/3 and 4/6, sold by Stores, Chemists, and ROWLAND'S, 67, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON.
For impure and unhealthy skin its Curative and Medicinal properties are unrivalled; nothing equals it; the official stamp proves this.

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atones for faults of feature. It is possessed by all users of
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No imitation can bear the 'Dartring'
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## RHEUMATISM, GOUT,

SWELLING, and other diseases caused by the generated impurities in the blood, either due to personal indiscretion of age or hereditary causes, are cured with permanent results, by our wonderful Blood-purifying medicine AMRITABALLI KASHYA, which has a speciality of eradicating the poison from the system. Winter is the best time for using this medicine. A fortnight's use will bring an ease and comfort in your system.
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WE guarantee our Course in PHYSICAL CULTURE to cure the most obstinate cases of Obesity, Indigestion, Giddiness, Loss of Vitality, Loss of Appetite, &c.
No apparatus, and only 15 minutes a day of exercise.
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ESTABLISHED 1882.
PROPRIETOR: J. CONNELL.
OUR carts deliver regularly to any part of Bombay and Bandra.
Try our SODA, it is the best.
H. M. S. "ECLIPSE" BOMBAY, 30th March, 1899.
MR. JAMES CONNELL of the Victoria Hotel, Prince's Dock, has SUPPLIED AERATED WATERS of all sorts to this ship during our stay at Bombay. I had previously been informed privately that Mr. Connell's Factory was the BEST in the City, but before recommending the use of his Aerated Waters on Board, I went over his Establishment, and was so satisfied with everything, that I can with confidence advise Medical Officers of H. M. Ships to deal with him.
CHARLES JAMES, Fleet Surgeon.

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## The HOUSE of COMMONS—AN IRISHMAN'S PROTEST.

TO ENGLISHMEN, SCOTCHMEN, IRISHMEN, and OUR COLONIES

AN IRISHMAN'S ELOQUENT PROTEST.—Richard Lalor Shiel once startled the House of Commons and the country when the word "alien" was applied to him as an Irishman "On the field of Waterloo," he exclaimed, "the blood of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen flowed in the same stream and drenched the same sod—when the cold grey morning dawned they lay stiff and stark together; in the same trench their bodies were laid; the green corn of spring bursts even now from their commingled dust; the dew falls from heaven upon their union in the grave. Partakers in every peril, are we not to be partakers in glory? Are we to be told we are aliens from that noble country for whose salvation our life blood was poured"? The effect of the speech both inside and outside the House was electrical.

## THE MORAL.

need not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown.
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper,
He is only remembered by what he has done."

The misery of Life is immensely increased in these days of Fevers, if you miss such a single precaution as Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture and Pills.

Most powerful remedies for Malarious, Intermittent, Bilious Fevers, Influenza and Mild form of Plague.

Equally useful to Men, Women, and Children of all ages.

Guaranteed not to contain Aconite, Antimony, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, Strychnia or any poisonous salts.

Why be miserable? Why not be wise instead

Take the right remedy at the right time, and get rid of that nasty fever, by using Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS, I REMEDIES FOR MALARIAL FEVERS and INFLUENZA. Surg.-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg.-Maj. Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep Grand Master of all Scottish Free Masonary in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. Very Rev. B. Fernand Vicar de Vara:—It is most efficacious. G. S. Risti, Esq., Lic. of Civ. Engr.:—It is a safe and immediate remedy. P. J. Daily, Esq., Chief Guard. S. M. Railway:—It is really a living man's Gold Drop.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS & BATLIWALLA & Co's CHOLERAL (specific for Cholera) may be had from Treacher & Co., Kemp & Co., Phillips & Co., Beynon & Co., &c., &c., &c. or from the Sole Manufacturers, Dr. H. L. Batliwalla, World, Dadar, Bombay, at Re. 1 per Bottle.

DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.



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TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY

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THE BEST FOOD for all HOT CLIMATES.

UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

# Horlick's Malted Milk

Made of Pure, Rich Milk and an Extract of Choice Malted Grain condensed to Powder Form. Takes the place of Mother's Milk in Infancy. Is the Best Food for Growing Children. Is Excellent for all Ages, but especially for Dyspeptics and Sleepless People. A Delicious and Invigorating Food-Drink, which suits Everybody. Is prepared instantly with water.

OF ALL AGENTS IN INDIA, BURMAH AND CEYLON.

Price 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

Or of HORLICK'S FOOD CO., 34, Farringdon Road, London, England.



ELECTRO-PLATE of the HIGHEST QUALITY.

# NEW DESIGNS in TABLE WARE.

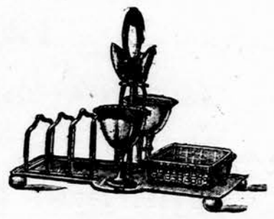
Butter, Rs. 14-8.

Toast, Rs. 5.

We would direct particular attention to the compact and useful combinations shown here. Essentially suitable for Chota Hazri, &c.

We have just received Several quite new and unique patterns in Table Gongs. See illustration and prices below.

Rs. 40. Sugar and Cream, gilt inside.

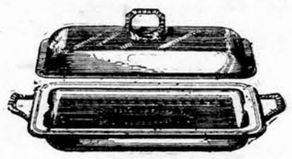


Rs. 22. Eggs, Toast, Butter with Spoons

Rs. 8. Table Flower Vase.

Rs. 38. Cruet in combination with Egg Cups, Spoons and Butter dish.

Rs. 50. Egg Stand, Six Cups and Spoons gilt inside.



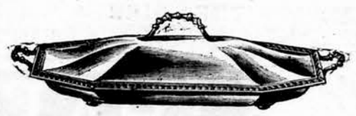
Rs. 60. Breakfast dish, 3 pieces.

Rs. 5-8. Toast.

Rs. 44. Crystal Salad Bowl and Servers.

Rs. 5. Toast.

Rs. 110. 11" Breakfast dish with Stand Spirit Lamp, Drainer and E. P. plate.



Rs. 75. Breakfast dish 3 pieces.

Rs. 38. Entree dish convertible into two dishes by removal of handle.

R. 20. Toast Rack and Butter dish with Knife.

Rs. 33. Claret Jug.

Rs. 47.

Table Gong mounted on oak Stand. The two bells have each a different tone and are supported by Horn standard mounted to represent Dolphin.

Other New Patterns, Rs. 30, 34 and 49

Rs. 29. Claret Jug.

Rs 20 Chop dish and Cover.

Rs. 80. Asparagus dish with Server and sauce boat

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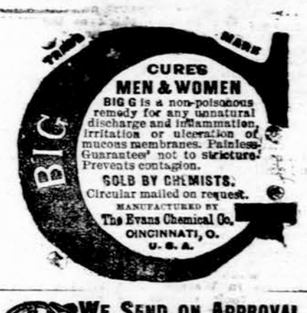
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